The North Carolinian.

A Daily Democratic, White Man's Newspaper.

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The North Carolinian.

A DAILY DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER,

Conducted on the principle that this is a white man's government, and must be controlled by white men.

THOS. J. LEE, Business Manager.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is mailed to subscribers at Eight Dollars a Year—Four Dollars for Six Months.

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A CAMPAIGN DOCUMENT.

Democratic Address of the West Virginia Convention.

The following address of the Democrats of West Virginia, is an appeal direct to the whole people of the United States. As a campaign document it is not surpassed by any modern production.

We invite the special attention of the readers of the North Carolinian thereto, and would request every reader when he is done with his paper to pass it to some neighbor who has not seen the address, and in this way give it a general circulation among the people, especially the working men of the country.

To the People of West Virginia:

We invite your attention to a review of the general political situation, its evils, and their remedy. Since 1861 the harmony of this nation has been sadly disturbed. For four years of the intervening time, the interruption of peaceful relations was due to a state of war. The practical disunion existing since 1865 is referable to a course of Congressional action, wicked in motive, illegal in character, and ruinous in result. While the war for the Union was in progress, its successful issue was anticipated as the guaranty of prompt reunion and permanent peace. Such a consummation was the aim of patriotic efforts in the field, the object of solemn pledges in the halls of Congress, and the confident expectation of the masses of the people. The war has long since ended. The rebellion has long since been crushed. Every obstacle placed by Southern movement in the way of the nation's unity has long since been removed. Nevertheless, disappointment waits upon the people's wish. The pledges of Congress have been repudiated. The triumphs of our armies have been neutralized, and the purposes of the brave men who secured them have been shamefully defeated. A dissolution more disastrous than that now existing between the Southern States and the Federal government could scarcely have been brought about by the success of the rebellion. A condition of affairs so much at variance with the wishes and interest of the people of our entire country demands a reference to the acts and aims of those who produce it.

CONGRESSIONAL RECONSTRUCTION.

For more than two years the Southern States have desired to renew their old relations to the government. Congress has constantly prevented that resumption. They are entitled to be restored upon the basis of the federal constitution. Congress has confessedly thrown aside that instrument, and obstructed restoration with terms and conditions of its own prescribing. Affecting to desire the perpetuity of the Republic, it has made a deadly assault upon republican institutions. Professing to aim at the salvation of the Union, it has wrought the destruction of ten of the States. The right of each State to regulate its own internal affairs, enfranchise its own voters, and choose its own rulers and law-makers, is as sacred as our constitution, and as indestructible as our government. Without it republican liberty is worthless, for when the people cease to be free citizens of the States they become the subjects of unlimited and irresponsible federal power. When Congress abolished the local government of the South, it violated a vital principle in our system. When it erected military establishments in their stead, it introduced the most abominable features of despotism. In further pursuance of its purposes, Congress has thrown the political power of the South into negro hands. To assure this result, it has disfranchised the white population by hundreds of thousands. Enfranchising the blacks, it has made voters of the ignorant, vicious and the brutal; legislators of those who regard liberty as license, and law as the instrument of revenge; and rulers of a class whose ideas of government, like their notions of religion, tend directly and inevitably to barbarism.

MILITARY GOVERNMENT AND ITS RESULTS.

Having given the negro the right to vote and the power to rule, Congress confesses his incompetency for either by insisting that the bayonet of the soldier, the disfranchisement of the citizen, and the supervision of the Freedmen's Bureau are necessary to sustain him in his new relations. By such declarations the dominant party would justify the continuance of military despotism erected within the Southern States. Before we sanction this iniquity, let us examine its results. It found civil governments in successful operation: it abolished those governments, and made the will of brigadier generals supreme for all purposes. Southern elections are ordered, supervised and approved or set aside by district commanders. Southern justice is what the bayonet may provide. Southern law is what the sword may decree. Southern peace is the patient submission of a conquered people; a peace threatened by impending negro insurrections, which white seditionists are inciting, and liable at any moment to disappear before the terrible tumult of social anarchy. The military government found business reviving, and enterprise struggling to repair the ravages of the war. They abolished labor, and offered army rations as a premium on negro idleness. The country ceased to produce, and trade and commerce with other sections perished. Capital left a land which promised soon to be given over to confiscation. General poverty followed the encouraged indolence of the laboring classes. Actual and almost universal destitution exists among the people; the unhappy victims of Congressional cruelty must become pensioners upon national charity or perish from starvation. Hordes of thriftless and discontented negroes, passionate almost to brutality, induced to vice by idleness, incited to violence by evil counsellors, fed and pampered at the public cost, with a great army for their protection, roam at will throughout the land upon a mission of evil, carrying dismay to the hearts of helplessness and innocence, and shocking civilization with the worst of nameless crimes. Such is the condition of the South. A military despotism is over her people. The hand of lawless violence threatens them. Desolation reigns on every hand. About them are the graves of their countless dead. The past is strewn with the wreck of their greatness. Present suffering surrounds them. Their future is thick with peril and dark with gathering misfortune. The foes of the nation are at her feet. Broken in spirit, stripped of fortune, wasted, ragged, wretched and ruined, their situation invokes the magnanimity of kindred manhood and appeals to the generous mercy of a noble enemy.

DISTRESS AT THE SOUTH PRODUCES PROSTRATION AT THE NORTH.

The evil influence of bayonet reconstruction is not confined to the South. The entire country feels it. Northern factories are silent because Southern pockets are empty. Western granaries and storehouses are full, but poverty possesses their ancient market, and their former buyers are now begging bread. A commercial crash is imminent and business stands still and trembles at the prospect. The manufacturing interests of the nation are crippled and almost crushed. The spindle is motionless; the shuttle is silent; the forge and the furnace are deserted; the workshop is vacant; the mill is closed. The hands of the artisan are unemployed and empty; his children are starving, homeless and in rags. The impoverishment of the South throws the entire burden of *taxation* upon the North and West. The Southern States can render no assistance while the government grinds them with an iron heel. If their people shared its benefits they would be impelled to productive ability. As they partake only of its severities, they could not support it if they would, and so long as it oppresses them, if they are ill to be freedmen, they could not support it if they could.

THE CONGRESSIONAL PURPOSE.

The declarations of leading Republicans in Congress leave no room to doubt that the action of that body has been taken with reference to the unity of the Radical party, rather than the unity of the American Republic. The National Legislature has become a mere machine for the manufacture of radical majorities. Its material is the worst and lowest class of humanity, barely rescued from the brutality of the savage state by contact with civilization. A system which is based upon negro stupidity, supported by bayonets and designed to secure partisan triumphs through the enslavement of men of our own race, may be instituted here through force and fraud, but if it can endure in this land the American people have learned liberty to no purpose and well deserve to be taught its value under the stern tutelage of tyranny which awaits them in the future of radical supremacy.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

In its management of our financial affairs, the dominant party has enacted the grossest folly and injustice. Repeated contractions of the currency have caused incalculable commercial disasters. A still more dangerous measure of contraction is now proposed in the Senate, by which the legal tenders are to be withdrawn from circulation and replaced by interest bearing bonds. If property and business do not enter an effective protest, the results will be little short of general ruin.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

The national debt amounts to $2,500,000,000. It cost the holders $1,250,000,000. The party in power would pay it in gold, dollar for dollar. They would give to the bondholders a currency different from and better than that used by the people. Specie for the money lenders and paper for the masses is the end of their financial policy. A discrimination so palpable and unfair is an insult to the popular sense of justice. By the terms of the act of issue, greenbacks are made legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt. Even the soldiers of the Republic accepted paper as the price of their toils and hardships. Is the patriotism of cash more valuable than the public devotion, which fights and bleeds, and dies? Labor receives its wages in paper; the products of the farm, the goods of the merchant, professional fees, all prices and values among the people, are paid in paper. If that kind of money is good for the masses, good to buy all things, from the sweat of labor to the blood of valor, why should it not suffice for the redemption of the Federal securities?

EXEMPTION OF THE BONDS.

Under Radical management, the bonds are exempt from taxation. Receiving from the government the same protection with their property, they pay not a dollar to its support. Such exclusive privilege establishes an aristocracy of money in the midst of a Republic of labor. Toil is taxed; bonds are exempt. Toil produces; bonds consume. Toil builds our public improvements; bondholders enjoy their benefits at no cost. Toil supports our courts, pays our legislators, and defrays the general expenses of the government; bondholders partake of the blessings of all and contribute to the sustenance of none. A policy which makes labor so completely tributary to capital is anti-republican in its effect upon the masses. We greatly mistake the temper of the people if they do not demand that this wrong be promptly righted by such repeals and enactments as will compel all property alike to share the burdens of taxation.

THE REVENUE SYSTEM.

Radicalism derives the bulk of the Federal revenue from home productions and the necessaries of life. Over sixteen thousand articles, including almost everything that supports life or lightens labor, are now the subjects of taxation. Hence the great disparity between wages and the cost of living. Frauds upon the revenue are another characteristic of the present system. The laws are evaded, the officers are bribed; the country is robbed. Over one hundred millions of dollars were lost last year through downright villainy, and the deficiencies of wealthy knaves must be made good by toiling honesty.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES.

A large portion of the taxes now raised is applied to worse than useless purposes. The Freedmen's Bureau costs twelve millions annually, a sum equal to the entire yearly expense of the government under some of the earlier administrations. That institution feeds, clothes and supports a host of malignant Southern haters, negro fanatics and greedy adventurers, backed by the federal army. It has done more to breed bitterness and discontent among the Southern people than the war itself. The military establishments at the South are another kind of useless and extravagant expenditure. It is costing from sixty to one hundred millions annually.—High Radical authority estimates that it will take ten years to reconstruct the South by the present process. The lowest possible amount for which this partisan enterprise can be completed will be eight hundred millions of dollars. Are the people of this nation to be impoverished, in order that the days of niggerism and fanaticism may be long in the land? Are the masses of the country to be mercilessly taxed, robbed and ruined, in order that corruption may prosper, love of power be satisfied, and the supremacy of Radicalism be assured? We look for such a response to these questions as will wipe out the abominations of the bayonet, restore civil and constitutional governments to the South, exclude the African element from the sphere of politics, and re-establish the American Union upon the ancient foundations of equal justice and popular affection.

A REMEDY POSSIBLE.

Let us recur to the remedy for the manifold wrongs to which we have referred. The reconstruction question, whatever difficulties it may present to bitter partisans, is capable of a safe and easy adjustment through the exercise of an honest and liberal patriotism. The simple application of the principles of the Federal Constitution will remove every obstacle and effect a peaceful, permanent, and satisfactory settlement. If that instrument possesses the perfection with which every lover of his country invests it, it will not be found wanting at the critical juncture. The Constitution which has blessed the people with liberty and crowned this land with greatness will not now prove inadequate to the designs of its authority and leave the vital interests of the Union at the mercy of rude chances and political passions. Let its provisions be applied, and representatives of the South, elected by the only qualified voters of that section, will take their seats in Congress, subject only to the condition imposed upon members from other parts of the land; the natural relations between the Southern States and the General Government will be resumed, and the Union of the States, triumphantly restored, will return in form, in fact, and freedom to the original glory of her first and best estate. The restoration of the South will open the way to great financial relief. When her people are relieved of the domination of the bayonets and the blacks, they will be encouraged to productive pursuits; general prosperity will revive their palsied energies, and their assistance will be happily felt in removing the great burden of debt which now impedes the national progress. The costly national nuisance, the Freedmen's Bureau, will be abolished, and common sense having mastered the situation will decree that negroes, like white men, must either work or starve. The expensive Southern military establishment will be acknowledged unnecessary, and with their disappearance tax-payers will thank God and take courage. A fair taxation of the Federal securities will yield many millions of revenue. The national banks suggest another opportunity of retrenchment. They own between three and four hundred millions in Federal bonds, upon which they draw interest. These bonds are deposited with the Government, and for every $100,000 so deposited, they receive $90,000 in national bank notes. These notes constitute their circulation, and with them they carry on the business, and earn the profits of banking proper. The interest accruing on their deposited bonds is so much premium paid them, in addition to the regular earnings of their business. They receive the benefit of just ninety per cent. more capital than they have invested, and this gratuitous premium comes from the pockets of the people. Justice requires that this sum, amounting to between twenty and thirty millions annually, be saved to the public. The simple process of recalling the national bank notes and substituting for the bonds legal tenders as banking currency will effect the needed result, and another sinkhole for the earnings of laborers will be effectually stopped. In the matter of revenue, fewer articles could be taxed, and through a more perfect and more honest mode of assessment and collection, much larger returns could be realized. Congressional extravagance and corruption should be reformed. Investigating committees should be abolished. Land grants and railroad swindles should be abandoned. The Indian wars, like the last, should be avoided. Territorial purchases should be suspended. Countless other modes of waste and fraud could be corrected, and a portion of the savings set aside for the final redemption of the debt. A sinking fund for this purpose, made up of bond taxation, the premium paid the national banks and the money wasted in Africanizing the South, would redeem every dollar of the debt in less than twenty years. The way to this desired end could be opened by the substitution of legal tenders for the bonds as rapidly as may be consistent with safety. Millions now paid in interest would thus be economized, and, with the aid of a restored and producing South, the end of our financial troubles would speedily approach.

CONCLUSION.

Having thus attempted to set forth your wrongs, and the possibility of a remedy, we now appeal to you to work out the needed reformation. Whatever evils may result from bad government, the people are the sufferers. Whatever reforms are effected must be brought about by and through the people themselves. The people have it in their power to remove the giant inquities whose shadows darken the land. They have but to speak, and the enemies of their peace would be powerless, the dignity of the constitution and the laws will be vindicated, and their now imperilled country rescued from impending danger, purified and strengthened by its trials, will resume its majestic march in the paths of greatness, happiness and freedom. A movement has been inaugurated in this city for the organization of the friends of law and order and honest government, as against the forces of Radicalism in West Virginia. The movement will extend to every county; it will find co-operation in every township and school district in the State. We invite and urge you to join hands in the great work of political redemption.

Other States have taken the lead and are already enjoying the first fruits of victory. From Connecticut to California, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the people have interchanged the tidings of deliverance, and both oceans have heard their wild shout of gladness and triumph. The Central States of Ohio and Pennsylvania have responded with glorious deeds that yet thrill the nation. The Empire State has arisen with a mighty proclamation for the right, and the manifestation of her power, like the restless march of a conquering host, points out the path of destiny and bids the nation follow. Already we hear the footsteps of approaching political revolution. It is advancing with an energy that gives assurance of its triumphant progress even unto the end.—Let the people of Virginia fall in with the hosts that move to the rescue of our government and its institutions. While others are fighting and triumphing, let them, too, participate in the struggle and contribute to the result. We invoke your aid in your own behalf, in behalf of good government, and the attendant blessings of justice, liberty and progress. Unite for the restoration of your lost prosperity. Labor for the overthrow of organized fanaticism, corruption and folly. Act, act, act for the sake of peace, Union, freedom and humanity.

PLAN OF ORGANIZATION OF THE CONSERVATIVE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

A State Committee, to consist of a chairman and thirty members—six of whom shall reside in Raleigh and three in each judicial district—to be appointed by the State Convention.

The committee shall have power to maintain its organization by filling vacancies, &c., and shall take charge of all matters relating to organization, registrations, &c., and a proper canvass of the State.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION.

The members of the State Committee in each judicial district shall constitute a district Committee for their respective districts and shall appoint a Chairman, and shall take charge of all matters relating to county organization, &c., in their respective districts; and shall report all matters relating thereto, to the Chairman of the State Committee.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

It is recommended that each County, by popular meetings or through the medium of existing organization, appoints a County Committee, to consist of at least two persons from each Captain's District within its limits.

The County Committee shall take charge of all matters of registration, local organization, &c., within the County, and is requested to make monthly reports to the Chairman of the District Committee, and when necessary, to inform him of such local matters as may require the attention of the District Committee.

It is further recommended that each County Committee cause to be enrolled the names of all the registered voters of their county, who are willing to act and vote with this organization—no man to be thus enrolled without his express consent; and, also, that they cause to be enrolled on a separate list the names of all those who are entitled to register, but who have not done so, and that they use every exertion to secure their registration and active co-operation.

PLATFORM.

The Conservative people of North Carolina, having by their delegates assembled in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th of February, 1868, to consider the present anomalous condition of the State, and of the country, and to consult together upon the grievances which now afflict and threaten them, and the course of action proper to be adopted in the trying circumstances which surround them, do resolve and declare

1. Our unalterable devotion to the principles of Constitutional liberty, and our fealty to the government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution. That we sincerely and in good faith accept the legitimate and legal results of the late war, and do hereby reiterate our oft repeated declaration, that we most heartily desire peace and concord with our sister States, and with the entire people of the United States.

2. *Resolved*, That regarding the Constitution of the United States as the source of all power in the administration of the government, and that the powers of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments are equal and co-ordinate, as defined by that instrument, we do respectfully and solemnly protest against the enforcement upon our people, of the Reconstruction Acts, and policy of Congress, as unconstitutional, unwise and destructive to society, and violative of that great principle of American politics, that each State shall have the exclusive control of its own internal affairs.

3. *Resolved*, That it is the opinion of this Convention that the great and all absorbing issue, now soon to be presented to the people of the State, is negro suffrage and negro equality, if not supremacy, and whether hereafter in North Carolina and the South, the white man is to be placed politically and, as a consequence, socially, upon a footing of equality with the negro, and, in many localities, subject to his government as a superior. That we are utterly opposed to such change in our government and in our social relations, and that we do hereby earnestly recommend to the people of the State to manfully meet the issue now attempted to be forced upon them, and to use every proper measure within their power to avert the impending mischief.

4. *Resolved*, That while we are unalterably opposed to political and social equality with the black race, we yet have no unjust prejudices against that race, that we are determined, by just laws, to protect them fully in all their civil rights, and to confer upon them all privileges which can be done consistently with the safety and welfare of both races.

5. *Resolved*, That the distressed and impoverished condition of our people earnestly demands the speediest and wisest measures of relief that the Legislature can devise.

6. *Resolved*, That this Convention recognizes, with feelings of gratitude, the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States, to restore the Union and harmony and good will among the American people.

7. *Resolved*, That this Convention regards the Supreme Court of the United States as the legitimate expounder in the last resort of the Constitution—and believe that its rights and powers, in that respect, should be preserved intact as established by law in the earlier and better days of the republic, and that any serious impairment thereof, by legislation or otherwise, will be destructive to the best interests of the country, and dangerous to the liberties of the people.

8. *Resolved*, That despairing of any restoration of the Southern States under the conduct of that organization which now controls the proceedings of Congress, waiving all former party feeling and prejudice, this Convention does most unhesitatingly recommend and invite the hearty co-operation of all the good people of North Carolina with the Democrats, and Conservative men of the North and West, who are now nobly struggling for the maintenance of the Constitution of the United States, and the restoration of the Southern States to their rights in the Union, on the solid foundation of harmony and peace.

9. *Resolved*, That this Convention elect four delegates and four alternates for the State at large, to represent the conservative people of North Carolina in the next Democratic National Convention, and that it recommend to the conservative people of the several Congressional Districts, to appoint delegates at an early day to represent them in said Convention.

10. *Resolved*, That when an election shall be ordered for the ratification of a new State Constitution, the Executive Committee for the State, hereafter to be appointed by this Convention, be instructed, if the time shall be sufficient to call a Convention of the Conservative people of the State, to put in nomination candidates for the various State offices whose election shall then be ordered, and if there shall not be sufficient time to call said Convention, to put in nomination sound Conservative men for said office.

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R. C. Badger, Esq., " Secretary.

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1st. District.—Messrs. W. N. H. Smith, of Hertford, M. L. Eure, of Gates, and W. A. Moore, of Chowan.

2nd. District.—George Howard, of Edgecombe, F. B. Satterthwaite, of Beaufort, and J. E. Moore, of Martin.

3rd. District.—C. S. Wooten, of Wayne, H. R. Bryan, of Craven, and John M. Perry, of Carteret.

4th. District.—A. A. McKoy, of Sampson, Thomas S. Kenan, of Duplin, and J. A. Engelhard, of New Hanover.

5th. District.—Archibald McLean, of Cumberland, Thos. S. Ashe, of Anson, and W. L. Steele, of Richmond.

6th. District.—M. W. Ransom, of Northampton, Jo. J. Davis, of Franklin, Willis H. Jenkins, of Granville.

7th. District.—J. T. Morehead, Jr., of Guilford, Livingston Brown, of Caswell, H. A. London, Jr., Chatham.

8th. District.—J. M. Leach, of Davidson, W. M. Robbins, of Rowan, Rufus L. Patterson, of Forsythe.

9th. District.—Plato Durham, of Cleaveland, J. H. Watson, of Mecklenburg, Jno. F. Hoke, of Lincoln.

10th. District.—A. C. Avery, of Burke, R. F. Armfield, of Wilkes, A. F. Simonton, of Iredell.

11th. District.—Marcus Erwin, of Buncombe, N. Kelsey, of Madison, Robt. Penland, of Yancey.

12th. District.—Cassius Gudger, of Macon, W. L. Love, of Haywood, L. S. Gash, of Henderson.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

1st. District.—W. F. Martin, of Pasquotank, R. B. Peebles, of Northampton, P. T. Henry, of Bertie.

2nd. District.—Wm. Biggs, of Edgecombe, W. A. Allen, of Duplin, and Maj. Jno. Hughes, of Craven.

3rd. District.—D. C. Allen, of Brunswick, A. J. Jones, of Columbus, Rory McNair, of Robeson.

4th. District.—H. G. Williams, of Nash, T. D. Sneed, of Johnston, W. J. Green, of Warren.

5th. District.—Levi M. Scott, of Guilford, S. S. Jackson, of Randolph, Frank C. Robbins, of Davidson.

6th. District.—Robt. D. Johnston, of Charlotte, S. H. Walkup, of Union, M. L. McCorkle, of Catawba.

7th. District.—Thad. D. Bryson, of Jackson, Jas. H. Merrimon, of Buncombe, A. M. Erwin, of McDowell.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

First District—Currituck, Perquimans, Hertford, Camden, Chowan, Bertie, Pasquotank, Gates.

Second District—Tyrrel, Beaufort, Edgecombe, Hyde, Martin, Washington, Pitt.

Third District—Craven, Greene, Wayne, Carteret, Onslow, Wilson, Jones, Lenoir.

Fourth District—Brunswick, Columbus, Robeson, New Hanover, Bladen, Duplin, Sampson.

Fifth District—Cumberland, Richmond, Stanly, Harnett, Anson, Union, Moore, Montgomery.

Sixth District—Northampton, Wake, Johnson, Warren, Nash, Granville, Halifax, Franklin.

Seventh District—Person, Randolph, Caswell, Orange, Guilford, Rockingham, Chatham, Alamance.

Eighth District—Stokes, Rowan, Surry, Forsyth, Davie, Davidson, Yadkin.

Ninth District—Union, Lincoln, Rutherford, Cabarrus, Gaston, Polk, Mecklenburg, Cleaveland.

Tenth District—Iredell, Caldwell, Alexander, Burke, Wilkes, McDowell.

Eleventh District—Alleghany, Mitchell, Watauga, Buncombe, Ashe, Yancey, Madison.

Twelfth District—Henderson, Macon, Cherokee, Transylvania, Jackson, Haywood, Clay.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANO FORTE AGENCY.

WILSON & WALKE,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

No. 1 MAIN STREET,

NORFOLK, VA.,

BEG to inform their friends in town and country, and the public, that they are now prepared to execute orders for the following first-class manufacturers, the Agency of all of which they have secured, viz:

Steinway & Sons, New York,
Knabe & Co., Baltimore,
H. F. Miller, Boston,
Grovesteen & Co., New York

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO FORTES.

A supply of each of which will always be kept on hand and offered at manufacturers' prices.

The acknowledged reputation of these instruments—being of superior quality—renders unnecessary comment, and our guarantee—which accompanies each Piano—with our large and varied stock to select from, affords unusual advantages to persons in want of a first class instrument. In store and expected

FOUR SPLENDID INSTRUMENTS.

Second hand Pianos bought, sold and exchanged for new ones. Pianos tuned and repaired by experienced workmen.

Circulars and Catalogues of the above Pianos sent postpaid on application.

WILSON & WALKE.

to Aug 24

PIANOS! PIANOS!! PIANOS!!

Chas. M. Stieff, Manufacturer of 1st Premium Grand and Square Pianos, Factories, 84 and 86 Camden St., and 45 and 47 Perry St. Office and Wareroom, No. 7 N. Liberty St., above Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.

All of our Pianos are of the New Style, with the Agraffe Treble and Ivory Fronts, and have all the latest improvements. Warranted for five years.

Second Hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

I respectfully refer to the following persons who have our Pianos in use:

Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C.; Wm. F. Mercer, Weeks B. Parker, James R. Thigpen, John W. Johnson, A. Braswell, Dr. G. C. Sugg, Mrs. M. M. Oates and John Thorp, of Edgecombe; G. A. Selby, Wilson, N. C., and Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell Springs, N. C.

A call is solicited. Terms liberal. tf.

The North Carolinian.

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own, my native land."

Raleigh, Wednesday, March 18, 1868.

THE Radical members of the late so-called did some shrewd finessing on Monday. Hood, the negro delegate from Cumberland, introduced an ordinance on Saturday legalizing marriages celebrated under licenses issued by the military authorities. To that ordinance Dr. Jno. R. Ellis, delegate from Catawba, offered an amendment, excepting from its operations marriages contracted between whites and blacks. Upon this amendment, Dr. Merritt, of Person, called the yeas and nays. The call was refused, the amendment defeated, and the ordinance adopted as offered.

On Monday, finding that the adoption of the ordinance was calculated to do damage to their party in this contest, Hayes, negro delegate from Halifax, introduced a resolution to the effect that intermarriages between the races should be *discountenanced*, and that the interest and happiness of both would be promoted by the establishment of separate schools for whites and blacks. The resolution was passed *amid applause from the Radicals.*

We respectfully submit that the Radicals in attempting to conceal their purposes and delude the people, slightly overdid the thing. In the first place, Dr. Ellis stated when he offered the amendment, that a marriage of the character which he desired to except had occurred in his county. Again, Hood knew, for if we are not mistaken he officiated as parson on the occasion, that a similar marriage had taken place in Fayetteville.

The ordinance legalizing these marriages stands unrepealed, and by the adoption of that ordinance the Convention solemnly sanctioned them, and no mere resolution, introduced by dictation, and intended to deceive, can destroy the fact. That the Convention recognized the dilemma was evinced by the selection of the mover of the resolution, and by the applause which greeted its passage.

The intelligent white men of North Carolina are not to be deceived by such duplicity. We tell them that this Convention has recognized the social equality of the races, and that that result will surely follow the ratification of the infamous constitution which it has prepared. Its members have chosen to affiliate with negroes, and to invest them with equal privileges with the whites, and they must abide the consequences. They cannot escape them by denying what by their acts they solemnly avow; nor shall their contemptible effort to deceive, pass without exposure and condemnation.

JOSHUA P. ANDREWS, the artistic delegate from Wake to the late so-called, introduced an ordinance yesterday, amending the charter of this City, so as to make any qualified elector eligible as mayor and commissioner. In plainer words, the ordinance allows the election of negroes to these offices. This same J. P. Andrews has repeatedly declared that he was utterly opposed to negro suffrage. Now, however, he has become so thoroughly Radicalized, that he not only favors granting them suffrage, but would also allow them to control our municipal affairs.

The people of Raleigh will remember the author of this outrage and his aiders in its perpetration, and will poll such a vote against the constitution which they have framed, as will sternly rebuke the spirit of fanaticism and hate in which both ordinance and constitution had birth.

WE failed, yesterday, to give credit for the authorship of the ordinance respecting the jurisdiction of the Courts. The Convention rejected the ordinance on relief proposed by Mr. Rodman, and accepted that which we printed, which was drawn by Major John W. Graham of Orange.

WE surrender our editorial space today in order that we may complete the report of the proceedings of the Convention.

"Loyalty" is pardoning the criminals confined in the penitentiaries throughout the country, convicted of such trifling offences as murder, rape, arson, &c., in order that the pardoned convicts may vote the radical ticket.

Ex-Governor Henry S. Foote was received into the communion of the Methodist Church in Nashville on Sunday last.

The Monkey Smelfunkey Menagerie.

FIFTY-THIRD DAY.

EVENING PERFORMANCE.

Monday, March 16, 1868.

The varmints were led in the ring at the usual hour.

Jones, commonly known as jaybird Jones, though sometimes called The Knight of the Sorrowful Figure, called up *his* ordinance, providing for a commission, consisting of *Jones*, little c. c. Pool, *alias* tomtit, and one G. Cherry, a buff colored nigger, to enquire into the affairs of the Chesepeake and Albemarle Canal Company,—the said commission to receive $6 *per diem* and mileage while engaged in the work, and have their traveling and incidental expenses paid. Adopted.

Sweet, the Yank Jack-a-dandy, offered an ordinance repealing section 2 of an ordinance entitled an ordinance to change the manner of paying the capital stock of the Western North Carolina R. R. Company.

The ordinance was put on its passage, and the ayes and noes being called, resulted: ayes 66, noes 9.

Heaton, of Ohio, from the Committee on Revison, reported that the committee had completed its work, and now presented the Constitution as a whole.

He moved that inasmuch as Nicholson, the swallow-tailed coat man, had "learned the thing by heart," that he should ascend the Speaker's rostrum and declaim it to the Menagerie.

Nicholson's eyes sparkled at the proposition, (he had previously given Heaton the cue,) and rushing to the stand indicated, he "spoke" the Konstiooshun entire, and his man Friday (Heaton) offered a resolution that the same be adopted.

On the passage of the resolution, the ayes and noes were called, when

Capt. Durham said: "Mr. Speaker, the Conservatives on this floor do not regard this *thing* as a constitution framed by the free people of North Carolina, but one FORCED UPON THEM AT THE POINT OF THE BAYONET. In the name of the true white men of this body, I ask that the Capitol bell be tolled while the vote on this resolution is being taken, as the death-knell of the constitutional liberties of the free citizens of poor old North Carolina.

Lick-spittle Rodman made a characteristic speech, highly eulogistic of the Konstitution and the Yankee-doodle people, whom he "sincerely regarded" as

The smartest nation
In all creation.

The Tourgee brayed for a few minutes to the great consternation of the little niggers in the galleries.

Mr. Graham of Orange said: "I rise to state that I have never performed an act more cheerfully in my life, than the one which I shall perform in voting against this Constitution. North Carolina is the only Southern State in which a large number of the most intelligent and enlightened citizens are not placed in a lower position than those assigned to the lately emancipated slave. While I give credit to some gentlemen on this floor for magnanimity in this matter, I do attribute your lenient course in this State to the large white registered majority. The spirit of your part is proscriptive and it is for the prudential reason I have mentioned, that your usual policy is not pursued here. I vote *for the Constitution of our fathers*, framed by independent freemen, and not for one dictated to us by Congress. I redeem the pledge given to my constitutents and approved by them, when they voted against holding this Convention."

The question recurred upon the resolution. The roll was called, resulting in the following ballott:

Ayes—Mr. President, Messrs. Abbott, Andrews, Ashley, Aydlott, Benbow, Blume, Carey, nigger, Carter, Candler, Cherry, nigger, Chilson, Colgrove, Congleton, Cox, Dickey, Duckworth, Eppes, nigger, Fisher, Forkner, Franklin, French, of Bladen, French, of Rockingham, French, of Chowan, Fullings, Gahagan, Galloway, nigger, George, Glover, Graham, of Montgomery, Grant, of Wayne, Grant, of Northampton, Gully, Gunter, Hall, Harris, of Wake, nigger, Harris, of Franklin, Hay, Hayes, of Robeson, Hayes, of Halifax, nigger, Heaton, Highsmith, nigger, Hobbs, Hoffler, Hollowell, Hood, nigger, Hyman, nigger, Jones, of Caldwell, Jones, of Washington, Kinney, Laffin, Lee, nigger, Legg, Logan, Marshall, McDonald, of Moore, Morton, Mullican, Murphy, Nance, Newsom, Nicholson, Patrick, Parker, Parks, Petree, Pierson, nigger, Ray, Read, Renfrow, Rhodes, Rich, Robbins, nigger, Rodman, Rose, Smith, Stilly, Stilwell, Sweet, Taylor, Teague, Tourgee, Trogden, Tucker, Turner, Watts, Welker—86.

Noes—Messrs. Baker, Bradley, Durham, Etheridge, Graham, of Orange, Hare, Holt, McCubbins, Merritt, Sanderlin—10.

Ginral Abbott, of New Hampshire, offered a resolution that the President, Secretary and "diligits" generally shall sign the Konstitooshun to-night, and absent members shall have opportunity to sign between this and the 1st day of July next. Carried.

Swallow-tailed Nicholson read Powers of Attorney from certain Kangaroos, authorizing the red-headed Secretary, who splits his hair in the middle, to make their *marks* for them.

Here a great dispute arose as to the manner of signing the wonderful document, each gorilla evidently preferring to see the sign manual of some other animal thereon before tracing his own.

Finally they got up the instrument in the style of a Round Robin, so that nobody could tell who signed *first*, and then the roll of "diligits" was called by counties. Every scallawag and nigger in the house then "writ" his name, or made his mark on the document.

It is hardly necessary to add that Capt. Plato Durham, of Cleaveland, Sanderlin, of Currituck, Lennon, of Columbus, Ellis, of Catawba, Hodnett, of Caswell, Baker and Dowd, of Edgecombe, Hare, of Hertford, Etheridge, of Onslow, Holt and Graham of Grange, Merritt, of Person, McCubbins, of Rowan, and Bradley, of Watauga, DID NOT SIGN.

At the suggestion of the Tourgee, all the monkies were unloosed for 15 minutes.

[Then was enacted the most disreputable, disgraceful, and infernal orgies ever witnessed outside of Pandemonium. Bawdy house songs and—but we forbear to defile our pages with a description of the scene.]

When the orgies were ended, Manager Kowles resumed his perch.

Rich, an ironical cuss, offered a resolution of thanks to Manager Kalvin J. Kowles for the very able and efficient manner in which he had discharged the duties of ring-master. Adopted.

Kowles then "riz up" to keep from "busting." Leaning his back against the railing, and assuming a "parental" tone, he addressed them like a "fayther" thusly: "My friends, it ar not possible for me or any other man to describe or convey the acute agony that I endure at these presents. But I think the paroxysm can't last long. [Making a manly effort to repress the water that was welling up in his two eyes and striving to assume an air of resignation, the amiable nature of which we won't attempt to describe, he again discourseth:]

"The term of our acquaintance gentle*men* haint been long, but heaven wills, for some wise perpis I have no doubt, that, for a seasor., at least, our pleasant intercourse shall end here. I have been taught not to question the dispensation of an all-wise Providence, which is unquestionably done to serve some good end, I can't say what, though I must confess while bowin' to their power I suffer a heap. I shan't do so now, though they occashun me much pain. The beginning of our acquaintance was singular indeed, but sufficiently remunerative to render its continuance a delightful anticipation, its abrupt eending a sufficient cause for grief. Gentle*men*, my tongue cleaves to the top of my mouth.

[His voice was a little husky as he articulated the word *mouth*, so gracefully placing his left hand "onto" the pit of his stomach, and "hunting his own grounds" with his right, he again forced his voice to be steady, and he poured on:]

We are about to part, gentle*men*—nay excuse me—if under the present circumstances I cannot use so cold a term, let me call you children, even as you call me daddy.

[Again he pressed his hand to his stomach, but "nary" word could he utter; in its place, however, a tear "tore" loose from his eyelids and coursed slowly down his chops.]

My children, we are about to part; let us not repine at what we can't help. A few weeks ago you didn't know me—I am your daddy now. This enables me to understand why you have shaped your farewell in a form so noble in its intention.—I recognize it, I deeply appreciate it, but I will not further recur to it.

In conclusion, write to me, write as often as you can. I will always be glad to hear from you.

Affectionately, your Daddy,
KOWLES.

What was once said of a similar character we will say of poor Kalvin J. Cowles: He has left in the "archives of gravity" a name that will be often thought of with a sigh, and that will never be mentioned without a smile."

The animals were so overcome with grief by the speech of the manager, that they were allowed to retire to their cages until 7½ A. M., tomorrow.

Doors opened at 7½ o'clock A. M. precisely, as per programme.

Only a few members with unkemped locks and dirty faces, were present.

Kalvin was *non est*. The delivery of his farewell speech, the night before, and the sad thoughts of his retirement to the wilds of Wilkes, and his return to his avocation of "rootist," was more than he could bear. Hence, he was temporarily indisposed. In his absence, Ginral Abbott, of New Hampshire, on motion of Heaton, of Ohio, was called to the chair.

Congleton, the agrarian and hog-thief, offered a resolution declaring it the sense of the Convention that the next Legislature should take into consideration of the landless population—meaning the niggers—of the State, and provide small freeholds for them, so that they may become identified with the soil. Adopted.

An intermission in the performances was then had until 9 o'clock.

9 O'CLOCK A. M.

The curtain was raised, Kalvin in the chair.

A BENEFIT FOR KALVIN!

Heaton, of Ohio, offered the following ordinance, and its adoption caused beams of pleasure to irradiate the mug of a delighted Kalvin.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained*, That C. J. Cowles shall receive a compensation of six dollars per day, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties imposed on him by the several ordinances of this Convention, and that the same be paid by the Treasurer of the State, on the warrant of said Cowles.

SEC. 2. *Be it further ordained*, That this ordinance shall be in force from and after its passage.

In accordance with the resolution passed some time ago, an address, drawn up by Ready Relief Rodman, pretending to explain the provisions of the constitution to the unsophisticated, to be appended to the published constitution, was read and adopted.

Andrews, dirt-dobber, offered an ordinance amending the charter of the city of Raleigh, making every qualified voter eligible to the office of Mayor and other city officers. Adopted. [This ordinance was offered in order that some thriftless interloping carpet-bagges whom the Radicals intend runing for mayor, might be eligible for the office.]

At this stage of the performances, a dead hack occurred, Kalvin and his friends were either unable to read the enrolled bills, or else he (Kalvin) did not know exactly where to put his cross-marks; therefore another recess was taken, while the Sergeant-at-arms went in search of the Engrossing Clerk.

During the recess a side-show was opened for the exhibition of the "Educated Hog," the marvellous *Tourgee*.

Be-a-nigger-dear Gen. Miles, was called on for a speech, but declined in a few remarks.

The recent importation, Gen. *Littlefield*, was also called on, and spoke for some time, and closed his declamation with a song!

Dickey, a Cherokee Digger Injun, then tried his hand; the Wolverine Secretary, Byrns, also whined. The constitutional Glee Club was all this time in full blast. Suddenly Kalvin sounded his gavel.

---

11 O'CLOCK, A. M.

The truant clerk having been found, and the difficulty concerning the enrolled bills explained, the side-show ceased, and the regular performance re-commenced.

Rich, the sour-castic cuss, offered a resolution that the portly secretary be authorized to employ an assistant clerk. Adopted.

General Abbot moved to adjourn.

Manager Kowles said that while laboring under a temporary hallucination last night, he had perpetrated a serious *faux pas* in vacating the chair to acknowledge the resolution of thanks. He expressed the hope that the convention would excuse him as he was not "hisself" last night: he felt so "jubilarious," that he couldn't repress a rising inclination "to spread himself."

An unknown kangaroo moved that the house have another recess of 15 minutes. Adopted.

When fifteen minutes had elapsed and comparative order restored, the Manager declared the Monky Smelfunky dispersed *sine die*, always subject, however, to the summons of Dr. Kowles.

Thank Heaven,
Their parts are performed, their antics are ended,
There's joy in the land that their labors are o'er,
To a much humbler station again they're descended,
They are now but field hands, as you're known 'em before.

From the Asheville News and Farmer.

The Ratification Meeting.

In accordance with a call made through the News and Farmer, a large and respectable meeting of the Conservative people of Buncombe county was held in the Court House at Asheville on the 7th instant.

On motion; Montreville Patton was called to the chair, and Col. W. H. Moore, requested to act as Secretary.

The Chairman in a brief and patriotic speech stated that the object of the meeting was to ratify the Declaration of Principles, adopted and sent forth by the Conservative Convention, at Raleigh, on the 5th and 6th of February ult., also the list of Candidates nominated by the State Executive Committee, at Raleigh on the 28th ult.

Mr. Jas. H. Merrimon was called on to address the meeting, but he requested some of the older gentlemen in attendance to lead with their views and suggestions.

Our revered citizen, Col. Stephen Lee, then rose and in a few dignified and appropriate remarks urged upon the white people to stand firmly and boldly for the honor of their race, the respectability of their families, and the Constitution of their country.

Thos. B. Johnson was next called and responded in an able and effective speech of half an hour, which was frequently applauded.

S. B. Gudger, Col. W. Pickens, R. M. Stokes, Dr. Candler, M. P. Penland and Rev. Branch Merrimon, in a short and appropriate speeches urged the necessity of the Conservative party being thoroughly organized, and every man at work for the white man's cause.

J. H. Merrimon then read the Declaration of Principles, and in a very appropriate speech introduced the following Preamble and Resolutions, which was unanimously and enthusiastically adopted:

WHEREAS, At a meeting of the State Conservative Convention held at Raleigh on the 5th and 6th of February, ult., a "Declaration of Principles" was adopted pledging the devotion of the Conservatives of North Carolina, to the principles of Constitutional liberty and fealty to the Government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution, and sincerely and in good faith accepting the legitimate and legal results of the war; and reiterating their oft repeated declaration that peace and concord with the sister States, and with the entire people of the United States are most heartily desired; and

WHEREAS, At a meeting of the State Executive committee held at Raleigh, on the 28th day of February, 1868, a State ticket pledged to the support of the platform of principles, enunciated by the State Conservative convention at its late meeting, was nominated, therefore,

Resolved, By the Conservatives of Buncombe county, that we most cordially and heartily endorse the principles set forth in said Declaration, and pledge our support to the candidates nominated by the Executive Committee.

Resolved, That it is the duty of all the Conservatives of the State, to give an active and earnest support to Conservative principles, and to resist by every lawful means in their power, the attempt to foist upon the people of North Carolina, the unnatural doctrine of negro equality, political or social.

Mr. J. H. Merrimon, stated that the Executive committee had appointed a Congressional committee, of which he had the honor of being a member, to arrange the times and places in this Congressional District for holding mass meetings to nominate a Congressman and Solicitors, and suggested that every precinct hold a meetingon Saturday next, preparatory to convening at Asheville on the Saturday following, (21st) in a mass meeting, to carry out the object of the committee.

The suggestion was then reduced to a motion, and carried unanimously.

On motion the proceedings were ordered to be published in the News and Farmer, and that the Sentinel and North Carolinian, of Raleigh be requested to copy.

On motion the meeting adjourned to meet again in a county mass meeting on Saturday, 21st inst.

MONT. PATTON, *Ch'm'n.*
W. H. Moore, *Sec'y.*

For Congress.

A writer in the Newbern Journal of Commerce puts forth the name of James Harlow Dibble, as a suitable person to represent the second district in Congress.

NEWS AND MISCELLANY.

Kentucky sends to the Democratic National Convention four officers of the Confederate army and one member of the Cabinet of that Government.

Gen. Grant's income is said to be $30,000 per annum. Where did he get so much money? When he went into the army he had not enough to buy his outfit.

NEW HAMPSHIRE,—The Democrats in New Hampshire, at the late election, reduced the Radical majority nearly one thousand votes, gained for their own ticket over four thousand, and made a net gain of twenty-four Representatives in the Legislature. This is doing well, and the same ratio of reduction and increase will give the Democracy the country in November.—Boston Post.

From the border States of Kentucky, Maryland and Missouri, the radicals in the Southern States are drawing largely of negroes to register in time for voting on the constitutions.

When the weather is fine Stanton takes an airing in the yard around the war office. An armed soldier invariably attends him on his circumscribed walks.

DIED.

At Beau Sejond, his late residence, in Richmond county, on the night of the 2d of March, Colonel HARRY WILLIAM HARRINGTON, in the 76th year of his age. He was a member of the House of Commons in 1816 and 1817, and of the Constitutional Convention in 1835.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

The Candidates for the Legislature and for the different County Offices, will address the people at

Rolesville, Wednesday,	the 1st day of	April, 1868.
Wakefield, Thursday	" 2d " "	" "
Hood's, Friday,	" 3d " "	" "
Auburn, Saturday,	" 4th " "	" "
Banks', Monday,	" 6th " "	" "
Barney Jones', Tuesday,	" 7th " "	" "
Lashley's C. R., Wednesday,	8th " "	" "
Green Level, Thursday,	9th " "	" "
Morrisville, Friday,	10th " "	" "
Franklin's, Saturday,	11th " "	" "
Sorrell's, Monday,	13th " "	" "
Hayes' Store, Tuesday,	14th " "	" "
Oak Grove, Wednesday,	15th " "	" "
Thompson's, Thursday,	16th " "	" "
Laws', Friday,	17th " "	" "
Forestville, Saturday,	18th " "	" "

R. K. FERRELL, Sheriff.

March 18th, 1868,—td.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

B. C. Waller to use of Wm. Grant, Guard'n vs. H. L. Bowden. — Attachment pending in the Superior Court of Law for Northampton County, N. C. Fall Term, 1867.

IT is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in the city of Raleigh, N. C., for six weeks, notifying the defendant, the said H. L. Bowden, to appear at the next term of the Court to be held at the court house in Jackson, on the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March, 1868, then and there to replevy, plead or answer, or judgment will be rendered against him.

Witness, Wm. T. Buxton, Clerk of our said Court at office, the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in September, 1867.

WM. T. BUXTON, C. S. C.

March 17.—6w.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

M. W. Smallwood, Adm'r of L. Futrell vs. H. L. Bowden.—Attachment pending in the Superior Court of Law for Northampton county N. C. Fall Term, 1867.

IT is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in the city of Raleigh, N. C., for six weeks, notifying the defendant, the said H. L. Bouden, to appear at the next term of this Court to be held at the court house in Jackson, on the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March, 1867, then and there to replevy, plead or answer, or judgment will be rendered against him.

Witness, Wm. T. Buxton, Clerk of our said Court at office, the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in September, 1867.

WM. T. BUXTON, C. S. C.

March 17.—6w.

MACKENZIE BROTHERS,

No. 222 Baltimore Street, near Charles, Baltimore, Md., Importers of Coach, Wagon and Saddlery Hardware, Harness Materials, Felloes, Spokes, Hubs, Bows, Shafts, Axles, Springs, Enameled and Patent Canvass, Enameled Dash and Collar Leather, Coach Varnish, Japan and Leather Varnish, Harness Oil, Blacking, Axle Grease, Carriage Bolts, Bands, Oil Cloth, Buckles, Terrets, Hooks, Bitts, Ornaments, Hames, Lace, Fringes, &c., all at the lowest price.

to may 28.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN.

For General Market Reports see Commercial Intelligence on Third Page.

OUR NOON DISPATCHES.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, March 17.

The President has endorsed the Grant-Thomas correspondence to the effect that, as the State authorities have made no constitutional application, Federal interference is unauthorized. The Klux-Lux Klan which produced the scene there, is the Sons of Malta under a new name.

Maine Politics.

PORTLAND, March 17.

The second Mayoralty contest has resulted in no choice. The vote stood: Republicans, 2,694; Independent, 267; Democrats, 2,563.

OUR MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

[SPECIAL TO THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.]

HOLDEN AT CHARLOTTE!

CHARLOTTEE, March 17.

Holden and Settle spoke here to-day to about seven hundred negroes and TWENTY-FIVE WHITES. Gen. Rufus Barringer introduced Holden as chief of the scallawags.

Jenkins and Sloan, of Gaston, were along. It was a very tame affair.

Two prominent colored leaguers had a fight near the Mansion House. "Nobody hurt."

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, March 17.

SENATE—Numerous important petitions and memorials were presented.

Edmunds characterized Van Wyck's whiskey fraud report as unauthorized.

The bill changing the time of holding the District and Circuit Courts of Tennessee passed.

The tax bill was resumed. An amendment adopted levies the tax on wholesale dealers, of one fifth of one per cent on amounts over $10,000. Adjourned.

HOUSE—Jencks, chairman of retrenchment committee, denounces Van Winckle's recent whiskey fraud report as the unauthorized work of an individual member of the committee made without the consent, knowledge or approval of the members.

The bill removing political disabilities was resumed. Bingham moved to amend so as to relieve from disabilities imposed by both the constitution and the laws. The amendment inserting the name of John A. Gilmer was withdrawn Amendment adding other names to the list was rejected. Miller said that Longstreet's name should be omitted. Bingham replied, oh, no! A dozen suggestions were offered. Bingham begged them not to load the bill. W. W. Holden would be the next governor of North Carolina and could not act unless the bill passed.

Logan wanted to know about Orr's Philadelphia speech.

Bingham declined to go into particulars, but thought that a man who had influence enough to beat Wade Hampton ought to be encouraged to use that influence in favor of the reconstruction laws.

Schenck proposed a month's postponement to get the facts.

Boutwell favored taking the responsibility.

Logan wanted fruits meet for repentance.

Farnsworth repeated what Sickles said of Orr, adding that Orr's course at Philadelphia was no worse than Raymond's, and he was afterwards admitted to Radical caucases.

Logan denounced Gov. Brown of Georgia, as a mere politician.

Kelly said that Brown had worked zealously, and should be forgiven.

Mullins wanted to know how long Adam had to lie out before God gave him a chance, by the birth of a Savior to repent. (Laughter.)

Farnsworth intimated that unless some plan was devised to relieve white men South, there would be two parties based on color, when the black man's party would go to the dust.

The bill recommending the continuation of the Bureau was again postponed.

Alabama's admission resumed. Stevens said: After a full examination of reasons, I am satisfied that to force a vote on this bill and admit the State against our own law, while there is a difference of twenty odd thousand against it would not be doing such justice in legislation as would be expected by the people. That being the case, I move that the bill be re-committed. Carried.

The protest of the South Carolina Convention against the repeal of the tariff on rice was presented. Adjourned.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, March 17.

Alex. H. Stevens left for Georgia to-day.

Gen. Hancock's visit has no general political significance. The President merely desires to consult with him personally, regarding relieving him from his present command.

Commander Biddle's sword, valued at $10,000 was stolen from the Patent office to-day.

It has transpired that Stevens has all along opposed Alabama's admission under the recent election, and that he is struggling for suffrage restricted only by conviction of crime.

The Supreme Court granted leave to file the new Georgia bill, notwithstanding Mr. Carpenter's objection that Jenkins is not Governor.

News per Cable.

LONDON, March 17.

Recent developments lead to the belief that the Fenians in Ireland, Scotland and England are tampering with the regular soldiers. Evidence of alarming disaffection in Irish regiments.

Maguire's resolution relative to Irish reform was resumed in the House of Commons. Disraeli opposed, and Maguire withdrew it.

Train Blown off the Track.

CINCINNATI, March 17.

The train on the Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad was blown from the track to-day, and wrecked. All on board were injured. None seriously.

The Storm.

CHICAGO, March 17.

During the storm to-day, a fram dwelling was demolished, and a woman killed.

WILMINGTON.

HAAS & CO.,

Manufacturers of Men and Boy's Clothing, Front Street, near Market, (Hedrick & Ryan's old Stand,) Wilmington, N. C.

Manufactory 830 Market St., Philadelphia.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises, &c. Clothing made to order. to July 27.

J. VAN SICKLE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Snuff, Tobacco and Cigars, No. 12 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C. to July 2.

GEORGE A. PECK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hardware, Paints, Agricultural Implements, &c., No. 15 S. Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Nails—all numbers,
Hollow-ware, Cutlery,
Axes—Club, Timber and Boxing,
Plows—Nos. 6, 10, 11, 45, 50, 55, 60, Eagle A. & O.
Feed Cutters, Cornshellers.

Together with a full assortment of Builders' Hardware, Files, &c., which I offer very low to cash buyers.
to jan. 22.

COX, PARMALEE & DIVINE,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.

Office in Flanner's Building, North Water Street, near the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Depot.

R. M. COX,
CHAS. PARMALEE,
to April 9. JOHN F. DIVINE.

D. A. SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in and Manufacturer of Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, Mattresses, Wall Paper, Window Curtains, Shades, etc. Knock-Down Furniture, for Country Trade, at the lowest prices. Doors, Sash and Blinds, in great variety, always on hand. Houses papered at the shortest notice. North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C. to mar 20.

BALTIMORE.

SPRING AND SUMMER IMPORTATION, OF 1868!

RIBBONS, MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS & JOBBERS OF
Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons, Bonnet Silks, Satins and Velvets, Blonds, Nets, Crapes, Ruches, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, Straw Bonnets and Ladies' Hats, (trimmed and untrimmed), Shaker Hoods, &c., &c.
237 and 239 Baltimore Street,
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Offer the largest Stock to be found in this country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited, and prompt attention given. Baltimore, Md. mar12-6w.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
216 WEST BALTIMORE STREET,
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Weigh, Lock, R. R. Track, Depot, Hay, Coal, Dormant, Warehouse, Platform, Counter, Union, Family, Butchers, Druggists, Jewelers, and Bank scales.

Over one hundred modifications, adapted to every branch of business where a correct and durable scale is required.

A uniform standard of weights, and a correct system of weighing, are subjects claiming the attention of every individual in the community.
—oct 30.

THE CHOICEST AND OLDEST WINE GROWN IN THE STATE.

JOSEPH TAYLOR & CO., California Wines, Brandies and Wine Bitters, the Pure Juice of the Grape. No. 4 North Street, Baltimore, Md. to nov 9.

CEMETERY NOTICE.—Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, of Italian and American Marble, of new and beautiful design, always on hand at GADDESS BROS., Steam Marble Works, Corner Sharp and German streets, Baltimore, Md. to oct 23.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore, Md., Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Steam Fire Engines, Leffel's Patent American Double Turbine Water-Wheel, Portable Grist Mills, Roberts' Burr Regulator, Flouring Mill Machinery, Cotton Screws, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
to may 4.

WILLIAM MANN,

Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of American Clocks, and Manufacturer of Mahogany, Rosewood and Gilt Frame Looking Glasses, N. E. Corner Charles and Lombard Streets, Baltimore, Md.

A large and varied assortment of Toilet Boxes, Work Boxes, Portable Desks and Clock Trimmings, always on hand. —Isep14.

HARDWARE.

WALTER S. MOORE & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
English, German and American Hardware, Cutlery, Axes, Spades, Shovels, Bellows, Vises, &c., No. 4 Light Street, Baltimore, Maryland.
—sep 14.

OLD HOUSE KEEPERS, NEW BEGINNERS, and others, will find it greatly to their advantage to make their purchases of CORTLAN & CO., 216 and 218 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md., who import and manufacture the Goods offered by them, and are therefore enabled to sell them at the lowest possible prices.

Housekeeping Articles of every description, from the most ordinary of Kitchen Utensils, to the richest Table and Parlor Ornaments.

CORTLAN & CO.,
Importers of Family Hardware, Plated Goods, China, Glass, Bronzes, Clocks, Fancy Ornaments, Table Cutlery, &c.;
Manufacturers of Block Tin, Japanned Wares, &c., and
Dealers in Wooden Ware, Baskets, Brushes, Mats, &c., &c. to sept 6.
Baltimore, Md.

WILSON FEMALE SEMINARY,

AT WILSON, N. C.
FACULTY:

Rev. William Hooper, Belles Lettres, Intellectual and Moral Philosophy. J. DeBernière Hooper, Languages and English Criticism. Thos. C. Hooper, Mathematics and Natural Science. Richard Goerdeler, Music.

The Boarding Department will be conducted by one of the Principals.

For particular information, apply to
MESSRS. HOOPER, Principals.

The business concerns of the Seminary are in the hands of J. DEB. HOOPER, to Proprietor.

CUSHINGS & MEDAIRY,

Book, Paper and Stationery House, No. 6 North Howard Street, (Opposite the Howard House,) Baltimore, Maryland. Merchants' Account Books and Printing executed to order.

JOHN CUSHING. RICHARD C. CUSHING.
JACOB MEDAIRY. FRANCIS C. CUSHING.
to sept 14.

The North Carolinian.

Raleigh, Wednesday, March 18, 1868.

☞ The North Carolinian is published every morning in the building North-East corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Streets—up stairs.

☞ Entrance under the sign of Nichols, Gorman & Neathery, Book and Job Printers.

THE ORGIES AT THE CAPITOL ON MONDAY NIGHT.

In sober seriousness, the shameless and disgusting orgies at the Capitol, on Monday night, by a majority of the mongrel delegates, was the most unparalleled exhibition of indecorous and indecent behaviour that was ever perpetrated in a civilized country, by men who claim either sense or reason. It was a damning disgrace to the age we live in, a foul stigma on the State, an insult to the people of the whole country, plainly exhibiting to what depths men will descend when once on the road to degradation and dishonor. The exhibition formed a fitting capstone to the infamous proceedings of the entire session, and a true reflex of the woeful future in store for our people if cursed by the rule of the mongrel party.

The constitution having passed as a whole, had just received the signature of the delegates, when a recess of fifteen minutes was taken. The farce was then enacted. The men of "great moral ideas" assembled in a circle around the clerk's and speaker's stand,—black, white, saddle-colored—all together in one heterogeneous mass, and began a hand-shaking and congratulation. Soon songs were proposed and two or three struck up, with cracked voices, different negro plantation ditties, and began a peculiar hand-around dance after the manner of the denizens of Dahomey and Ashantee. The entire crowd participated, and a scene of general noise and confusion ensued. The negroes in the galleries, surprised at the unusual exhibition, at first, kept silence, and gave evidence of their delight only by a show of their ivory, but soon catching the spirit of the occasion lent their voices to the confusion by songs and loud laughter. The little boys in the lobby then assisted, and whistling, hisses and groans were added to the general clamor. This bedlamite babel was kept up during the entire recess, and was only stopped after loud and continuous rapping of the manager's gavel.

LOYAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CONGRESSIONAL RELIEF FROM POLITICAL DISABILITIES.

We publish elsewhere a list of the names of those whom the Convention of North Carolina has seen fit to recommend for the removal of their "disabilities."

It will be seen that it is a very slim list, embracing only a few persons from each county. The committee submitting this report are, with the other loyal wire pullers of the State, felicitating themselves that these recommendations will add materially to the strength of the party, such being the grand aim and only object of the report.

But the committee will find very many on the list who will decline to be "reconstructed" at the price of personal dishonor and political disgrace.

CITY AND STATE.

Mayor's Court.

The following cases were disposed of by His Honor, Mayor Haywood, yesterday:

Mr. Joseph W. Holden, of the Standard, was before the Mayor yesterday, on the charge of assaulting Mr. H. H. Helper, of the Register, at the Yarbrough House on Monday night. Case sent on to the Superior court.

Tom Mack, negro, was up for assaulting John Dayes, negro, at the Livery Stables of T. B. Bridgers & Co. Fined $5.

Bankrupt Petitions.

The following parties have filed petitions to be adjudged bankrupts, the advertisements appearing since our last issue: Mallett & Hoffman, Henry R. Perrin, Wm. W. Lane, Samuel P. Hand, of New Hanover county; Wm. S. Carter, Pleasant Hopkins, John W. Jones, Wm. H. Roberts, of Rockingham county; Joseph B. Bryan, Octavius W. Telfair, John G. Blount, of Beaufort county; Roger W. Moore, Wm. S. Duggan, Jordan A. Silverthorn, of Hyde county, and Wm. A. Jones, of Edgecombe county.

From the West.

We publish elsewhere the proceedings of a meeting of the white men of Buncombe, held on the 7th instant. The editor of the Asheville News and Farmer says, that although but little notice was given, it was the largest meeting held since he has been in Asheville. The West is a blaze with enthusiasm. The white men of that section have become thoroughly aroused to the iniquity of the Radical party, and are marshalling their clans to defeat it.

Mass Meeting.

The white men of the west will hold a ratification mass meeting, at Asheville on Saturday next. The News and Farmer, a sterling journal, predicts that it will be the largest gathering that has been held in the west in many years. The ablest speakers in the western part of the State have been invited to address the meeting.

C. W. L. Edney, a highly respectable citizen of Asheville, died in that town on the 11th instant.

It Will Live.

It will live in history, and go down to the "archives of gravity," that the Convention of North Carolina adjourned in such indecent haste as to forget to act on the resolution of thanks to the North Carolinian, introduced by a joint select selection of the nigger delegates in Convention assembled.

Major Marcus Erwin

Major Marcus Erwin has appointments to address the people at the following times and places:

Rutherfordton, Tuesday of Superior Court week.

Ashville, at the mass meeting on the 21st.

Marion, McDowell county, on Tuesday of Court, 24th.

The paramount question for the people of North Carolina to decide in the coming election on the Constitution, says the Wilmington Star, is, Shall Winny Gribbles be divorced from her husband, Timothy Gribbles?

A gentleman, name unknown, belonging in the eastern portion of the State, died suddenly on the northward bound train of the Wilmington & Weldon railroad last Saturday night. His body was left at Rocky Mount.

Twenty-two new places where one can "crook his elbow," have been opened in Wilmington.

Engrossed Report on Relief from Political Disabilities.

We, the undersigned committee on "Relief from Political Disabilities," having investigated the claims of those presented for our consideration, most respectfully submit the following report:

WHEREAS, The persons hereinafter named, are disqualified to hold office by the 14th article of the Constitution of the United States, known as the Howard amendment, and whereas, they have evidence that they are in hearty accord with the reconstruction measure of Congress; therefore,

Resolved, That we petition the Congress of the United States, to remove their disabilities in accordance with the provisions of the aforementioned article of the Constitution.

COMMITTEE.

J. W. HOOD, *Chairman.*

A. W. TOURGEE, JAMES HAY,
S. J. FALKNER, R. W. KING,
C. C. JONES, W. NICHOLSON,
GEO. W. GARAGAN.

Franklin County—A. M. Timberlake, W. S. Harris, E. A. Crudup, Green H. Gupton.

Wake—W. H. Harrison, Wiley D. Jones, Albert Johnson, Jacob Sorrell, Hilliard, J. Smith, C. L. Harris, W. R. Richardson.

Pitt—Joseph Slater, Lewis Hilliard, Chas. J. Hagan, Julius C. Perkins, Thomas Cox, Augustus Quinnerly, James C. Langley, Charles Rountree, Calvin Cox.

Halifax—Chas N Webb, John N Briew, John T Gregory, George W Owens, John A Reed, J P Evans.

Beaufort—Samuel P Carrow, Edwin J Warren, Hiram E Stilley, Edward S Hoyt, Wm E Redman, Samuel Windley, George L Windley, John B Respass, Howard Wiswall, Henry Hodges, Ed Hodges, Jesse Robeson, Luther Ruff, Wm A Blount, Jesse G Bryan.

New Hanover—Joseph H Flanner, Wm B Flanner, David Bunting.

Stanley—Joseph Marshall, Lafayette Green, James E. Maiden, Allen Burris, Dumas Coggins, Franklin A Lafton, Deniel Richey, John M Morton.

Davidson—Evander Davis, Emory Davis, David Lafin, Willis Cecil, Ephriam Hampton, Henderson Adams, Green H Lee.

Person—John D. Wilkerson.

Caldwell—Loyd T Jones, Washington Moore, Wm M Barber, James M Barber, A W Austin, Robt B Boyle, Samuel McCall, Hosea Bradford.

Wilson—George W Blount, John Wilkinson, Newett D Owens, Francis W Taylor, William D Farmer.

Forsyth—Joseph S Phipps, E A Vogler, John G Sides, Wm B Slipe, John M Stoltz, Allen Spach, Israel Moses, Thomas J Wilson, Wm Clenard, Wm F Crafton.

Transylvania—Jeremiah Osborne, Wm R Galloway, J C Duckworth, Perry Orr, Samuel Reed, Isaac A Harris, Robert Hamilton, R P Kilpatrick, J W Clayton, G C Neill.

Henderson.—Benjamin Williams, Leander J Pace, James M Justice, Wm R Leadbetter, Wm D Whitted, Bedford Brown, James Spann, S R Stencill, R I Allen, W Owensby, Thomas Osteen, John C Gullick, S B O McCall, M B Lane, David Stradley, D M Justice, G P Edney.

Guilford—Joseph Haskins, Barnabas Pain, Wyatt W Ragsdale, John Hyatt, Robt P Dick, John W Kirkman, Frederick Fentress, Andrew C Murrow, Calvin Coresey, Abram Clapp, Geo W Bowman, David Greeson, Newton D Moody, Robt M Stafford, Wm M Mebane.

Alamance—Joseph C Thompson, Nathaniel Stout, Wm P McDaniel, Simpson Vestle, James Albright, Henry Boon.

Lincoln—Rufus Clarke, W P Bynum, Henry Wilkinson.

Bladen—Dugald Blue, Chas E Robinson, Calvin Jones.

Wilkes—R M Smith, John M Brown, James F Tugman, Andrew Porter, Samuel P Smith, Harrold Hayes, Ambrose Wiles, Toliver Shoemate, Wm C Reynolds, Emanuel Harrold, John F Parlier, James H Hayes, Isaac McCall.

Cleaveland—J O Bridges, A N Goins, Andrew Parker, John Cook, David Hall, Lewis Downes, Henry Wortman, J C Rivers.

Cumberland.—Robt Orrell, Duncan G McCormick, A G Thornton, Robt Mitchell.

Sampson.—Catton Cessoms, Ames N Hall, Robt Cain, Wm Cessoms, Clifton Ward, Robertson Ward.

Carteret.—Malvin J Davis, John C Munson, W J Doughty.

Duplin.—William E Hill, Thomas K Murphy.

Currituck.—M V B Gilbert, W D Chaddick, M D Lindsay.

Alexander.—Robt Carson, Daniel Moore, R O Bennett, Geo W Long, W W Stafford, Jas J Teague, Wm S Teague, Andrew C Watts, Elisha Bebber, F B Reece, Gabriel Marshall, F A Campbell, Wm M Bogle, J N Garson, Thomas J Dula.

Mecklenburg.—H M Pritchard, Rufus Barringer, Wm R Myers, Wm M Martin, Robert McEwen, Alexander McDoer, Jeremiah S Reed.

Camden.—Isaac Morrisett, John M Forbes, George W Spencer, James W Chamberlaine, A P Cherry.

Edgecombe—Wm S Battle, Joseph Cobb, Reddin S Petway, R N Proctor, John J Killebrew, John Norfleet, R H Austin, Robt Norfleet, Wm H Knight, Wm W Parker, Jesse Mercer, Henry E Odorn, Exum S Moore, John W Johnson, Thos Norfleet, Micajah P Edwards, Lewellyn Harrold, Lawrence Bunting, Wm H Johnson.

Alleghany.—Wm A Brooks, Morgan Bryan, A Marion Smith, Reuben Sparks, Hugh Hanks, John Parsons, William Andrews, John A Jones, Nathan Weaver, Solomon Stamper, Goldman Higgins, Alexander Black, L M Blackburn.

Ashe.—John Williams.

Hyde—Sylvester McGowan, W B Pooley, Jas G Carrowman, Joseph P Flowers, George V Credle.

Iredell—Thomas Holcombe, E B Stimpson.

Wayne—Curtis H Brogden

Stokes—John J Shaller, James Harris, A H Joyce, J B Young, Aquilla Moore, J J Martin, Wm V Sheltor, Eaton B Ferrell, J R Sewell, W B Vaughan, Ambrose Jessup, Wm M Gordon, Ira E Gentry

Perquimans—Nathan B Cox, Jonathan W Albertson, Robert J White

Yadkin—Moses Grass, Moses Chappel, McCan Castiveens, S Speere, Thomas Hanes, Jonathan Wagoner, George Long, George Nix, E C Brown David Hutching, Aquilla Speere, J S Jones, T F Martin, Wm W Patterson, Samuel C Welch, G D Williams, Winston Fleming, Barnett C Myers, James H Myers, Wm H Rodwell, H Thomason, P L Pulbert, J N Vestal, J D Halcomb, Jesse Reives, R M Pearson, Lexton Jones, Jesse Lackey

Hertford—Jas S Harrington, Jas Hodge, Jno F Shaw, Jno Harrington, Neill McLeod, James M Turner, Robt A Norden, A J Tudington.

Northampton—Wm Burrow, John B Odom, N P Odom, Jesse Flythe, Sam'l Calvert, David A Barnes, Sam'l J Calvert, Geo Holloman, Jas W Grant.

Madison—F M Lawson, James Crowder, J S Dever, D E Freeman, James Ramsey, L G Brigman.

Warren—W A White, Jas P Russel, J W Patillo, N R Jones, John H Bullock, W W White, John C McCraw, James T Alston.

Union—D A Covington, M A Lemons, W M Austin, Jackson Green, Arthur Stigall, Thomas W Griffin, Robt Bivens, Richard Tarlton, B F. Fincher, Asa Brumbrow, Jas McNeilly.

Nash—Geo W Lewis, A B Baines, W W Boddie, Benj H Sorsby.

Rowan—Jos A Hawkins, Nat Boyden, Levi Trexler, Geo M Barnhardt, W P Atwell, Peter Williamson.

Washington—James A Neilson, Thomas Benbridge, Eli Spruill, W W Ward.

Rockingham—Thos Settle, Thos A Ragland.

Burke—Tod R Caldwell, James Hall, Joseph Deaton, Jeremiah Smith, Wm Basley, James Hilbran Ashby Mull, Jas B Kincaid.

Gaston—D A Jenkins.

Montgomery—John K Laflin, Jas W Ressas, David Wright, James B Ballard, John C. Nichols.

Pasquotank—John Pool, C W Grandy, Jr, Geo D Pool, W G Pool, Frank Vaughan, George W Charles, F M Godfrey, C W Hollowell.

Buncombe—James Reed, P J Israel, Joseph P Ellen, Amassa Roberts, Levi Penland.

Moore—Thos W Pitter, Jas W Seawell, Wm J King, D W McDonald, John K McLean, Wm B Richardson, Absalom Kelly, Jno McNeill, A R McDonald, John J Ritter, John P Cole, R W Barrett, Alex H McNeill, M J Blue, Benj Spivey, Jordan Slaar.

Richmond—Oliver H Dockery, John A Long, George McKinnon, E P Long.

Haywood—A J Murray, J W Harbin, Isaac Clark, J M Patterson, D R Ford, W S Evans, Henry Franklin, R J Medford, Sam'l Fitzgerald, R D Owens.

Jackson—E D Bundle, Wilson Ensley, L C Hooper, J J Hooper, Mordecai Zackery, A Cape.

Davie—Uriah H Phelps, W B March, John B Williams.

Greene—Jno Harvey, R J Williams, Jno J Orman, W R Grimsley, W T Dixon, Jas H Dixon, D A Spivey.

McDowell—Jas H Danson, C S Copeland, John Elliott, J A McCall, Thos Ledbetter, Elijah Morgan, Jno P Gregory, Chas H Webb, Jno O'Bryant.

Cabarrus—Victor C Barringer.

Cherokee—Wm McGuyer, Geo W Furguson, T. R McCombs, B K Dickey, Phillip P Axley, Geo W Hall, Christopher Gentry.

Bertie—Jonathan Taylor, Frederick Miller, Geo N Green, Lewis C Bond.

Granville—Robt Garner, Soloman G Wilson, Eugene Grisson, S D Syms.

Martin—Jno Watts, W C Eborn, Jno S Short, F P Bazemore, Jno L Knight.

Polk—Martin Hambleton, R S Abrams, Nestil Dinsdale, J W Hampton, Jas Jackson.

Rutherford—G W Logan, Martin Walker, R J Williams, Willis Bradley, Israel P. Sorrels, W G Mode, J S McFarland, J W Mode, B W Andrews, J H Carpenter, Moses Wilkerson, Jas McFarland, W B Freeman, J A Carpenter, Ed Hawkins, A J Scoggins, K J McCraw, Smith McCurry, E Whisnant, Thos Long, W G Wilson, B W Baber, K T Carpenter, J W Greene, C J Sparks, W O Wallace, L L Deck, A C Martin, A H Hollifield, J W Gibson, H H Harper, Jerry Jackson, J W Morgan.

Lenoir—Walter Dunn, Anthony Davis, J. L. Canady, Joshu Rouse, Jno. A. Parrott, James M. Parrott.

Robeson—Jas. Sinclair, Benj A Howell.

Craven—Ed R Stanly, Chas R Thomas, Fred J Jones.

Johnston—Thos D Snead, Robt Massengale, P P Massey, W A Smith, B R Hinnant, James H Ennis, Willie Holt, Franklin Phillips, J R Coats, W D Holt, Saml Woodie, Thos Edgerton, Ray Phillips, Bryan Williams, J P Peck, T J Leach.

Randolph—Jno Pope, Henry Presnell, McGee, James Latham, B A Sellars, J R Bulla, Albert Julian, Jas P Fox, A G Jennings, Elijah Whitney.

Brunswick—R W Woodside, L D Thurston, D K Bennett, D L Russell, Lorenzo Frink, P Priolion, Lewis Galloway.

Chatham—R W Brown, H Henderson, N C Council, R C Council, B J Honze, Wm Griffin, Wm Lany, Jos Brazington, R C Cotton, E Bryan, J H Headson, H H Burt.

Macon—D W Siler, C P Rogers, R M Henry A L Parton, W H Hidgen, A Vaughan.

Orange—H B Guthrie.

Surry—Drury McGee, Jno Nichols, Thomas Martin, A H Knapp, C C McMickle, Joel Hurt, Wm Hodges, Martin Payne, B F Scott, G A Jarvis, Jas Venable, J S Pedigre, Martin Axum, Jas Nations, J McCloud, I Armfield, Jere Gay, Gideon Bryant.

An Ordinance to prevent the Intimidation of Voters.

The following is the ordinance as adopted:

Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained as follows:

SECTION 1. Any person who shall prevent, or endeavor to prevent, any qualified elector of this State, from the free exercise of the elective franchise, by violence, or bribery, or by threats of violence or injury to his person or property; or by depriving an elector of employment, or threatening to deprive him of employment, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one month, nor more than six months, or by fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for each offence, and one half of the fine shall go to the prosecutor.

SEC. 2. The hiring of any laborer upon the condition that the same shall vote, or not vote for any special candidate or any particular party, or in any specific manner, shall be deemed bribery within the meaning of this act, upon the part of the person demanding the said condition.

SEC. 3. This ordinance shall be published and circulated with the Constitution for the information of voters, and shall be in force from and after the date of its passage.

An Ordinance for the Completion of the Western North Carolina Railroad.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same*, That the proceeds of *no appropriation or subscription*, which the State of North Carolina has made or may hereafter make, to or in aid of the Western North Carolina Railroad Company, shall be used in the construction of *any branch made*, except that of *French Broad*, until the main trunk line of said Railroad shall have been completed to Copper Mines, at or near Ducktown.

SEC. 2. *Be it further ordained*, That the General Assembly, when the interest of said corporation (the Western North Carolina Railroad Company) requires it, shall be, and the same is hereby authorized and directed to make such further appropriations or subscriptions to the capital stock of said Railroad Company, as will ensure the completion of said road at the earliest practicable day.

COMMERCIAL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Markets.

NEW YORK, March 17.

Cotton nominal 25a25¼. Flour drooping. Pork $24 45a24 50. Lard quiet. Spts. Turpentine quiet and drooping, 66. Rosin dull; common $2 20; No. 3, $3a3¼; No. 1, $3a4a5.

Gold 1 36¾. Sterling 9⅛. Old bonds 10½. Virginia sixes 51. Tennessee ex-coupons 66. New, 64¼.

LIVERPOOL, March 17.

Cotton dull and easier. Uplands 10½. Orleans 10¾.

BALTIMORE, March 17.

Cotton dull, nominal at 24½a25. Flour steady.

The White Man's Ticket!

FOR GOVERNOR:

THOMAS S. ASHE,

Of Anson.

For Lieutenant Governor:
EDWARD D. HALL.
of New Hanover.

For Attorney General:
SION H. ROGERS,
of Wake.

For Superintendent of Public Works:
GEN. SAM'L. F. PATTERSON,
of Caldwell.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction:
REV. B. CRAVEN,
of Randolph.

For Secretary of State:
ROBERT W. BEST,
of Greene.

For Auditor of Accounts:
S. W. BURGIN,
of Buncombe.

For Public Treasurer:
KEMP P. BATTLE,
of Wake.

For Chief Justice of North Carolina:
RICHMOND M. PEARSON.

For Associate Justices of the Supreme Court:
WILL. H. BATTLE, of Orange,
EDWIN G. READE, of Person,
(and if the number be increased to five,)
MATT. E. MANLY, of Craven,
A. S. MERRIMON, of Buncombe.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District:
DAVID A. BARNES,
of Northampton.

Second District:
E. J. WARREN,
of Beaufort.

Third District:
GEORGE V. STRONG,
of Wayne.

Fourth District:
WILLIAM S. DEVANE,
of New Hanover.

Fifth District:
RALPH P. BUXTON,
of Cumberland.

Sixth District:
ROBT. B. GILLIAM,
of Granville.

Seventh District:
THOMAS RUFFIN, JR.,
of Alamance.

Eighth District:
FRANCIS E. SHOBER,
of Rowan.

Ninth District;
WILLIAM M. SHIPP,
of Lincoln.

Tenth District:
ANDERSON MITCHELL,
of Iredell.

Eleventh District:
JOHN L. BAILEY,
of Buncombe.

Twelfth District:
ALLEN T. DAVIDSON,
of Macon.

NOMINATIONS FOR WAKE COUNTY.

For the Senate:
MOSES A. BLEDSOE.

For the House of Commons:
COL. JNO. P. H. RUSS.
REUBEN FLEMING.
JESSE A. NORRISS.
J. J. OVERBY.

For Sheriff:
DAVID LEWIS.

For Superior Court Clerk:
QUENTIN BUSBEE.

For County Court Clerk:
J. J. FERRELL.

WE are requested to announce that by the request of many friends JOHN A. McDONALD, of Chatham, has consented to become a Candidate to represent this, the Fourth District, in the Congress of the United States.

Feb, 28, 1868. d36-1 &wtd.

BALTIMORE.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN HEALTH RESTORER!

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER IN THE WORLD!

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

for the cure of

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

such as

Consumption in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Liver, Kidneys, &c.; Rheumatism, White Swelling, Mercurial Affections, Sore Eyes, Old Sores, Diseases Peculiar to Females, Eruptions of the Skin, General Bad Health, And all other Diseases caused

BY AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD.

☞ The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.,
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. RING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.
January 11th, 1868.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE WORST CASES OF SCROFULA. READ THE STATEMENT BELOW, AND DESPAIR NOT.

WILSON COUNTY, Sept. 10, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE:

Dear Sir—My youngest daughter, aged five years, has been dreadfully afflicted with Scrofula nearly all her life. I tried a great many Physicians, but without relieving her much; in fact, most of them said there was no hope of cure.—During the last Spring she was worse than ever, her body and limbs being covered with sores and blotches—with face and eyes badly ulcerated and swollen. Whilst in this condition, I was advised by Dr. L. A. Stith to try your Rosadalis. I at once procured three bottles, and commenced giving it to her. *The effect was magical. In less than a month*, to my great astonishment, *she was entirely well.*

I am, sir,
Yours, with respect and gratitude,
W. W. BURNETT.

ROSADALIS CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES.

WILSON, N. C., Sept. 15, 1867.

DR. LAWRENCE—Dear Sir:—In 1862 my son, now aged five years, was vaccinated with what proved to be impure matter, which completely destroyed his health. He has been afflicted with an inveterate and extremely troublesome *Eruption of the Skin*, sometimes breaking out in sores, &c. Rosadalis was prescribed by my family physician—Dr. A. D. Moore. After taking it a few weeks, my son became and remains *entirely well.*

Yours truly,
J. B. DANIEL.

CHRONIC LIVER COMPLAINT CURED.

This is to certify that I was *cured of Chronic Liver Complaint* by Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, after having been confined to my bed and house for a long time, and trying various medicines without benefit.

I know of several others in this County, *cured* through the use of the Rosadalis, and it can be found in nearly every house in my neighborhood, and they all praise it as a great medicine.

THOMAS THORN.
Greene county, August 14, 1867.

ROSADALIS IS A POTENT REMEDY IN ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

From G. W. Blount, Esq., Attorney at Law, Wilson, N. C.

I have been cured of Chronic Inflamation of the ear and Partial Deafness, of ten years' standing, by ROSADALIS. GEO. W. BLOUNT.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE VERY WORST CASES OF CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's ROSADALIS.

JAMES WILLS.
Wilson, N. C., May 6, 1867.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold Wholesale by all the principal Wholesale Druggists, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD and P. F. PESCUD.

NEW YORK.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.
E. MURRAY, Wilmington. J. T. MURRAY, N. Y.
to jan 2.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,
(Late of North Carolina.)
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 37
Nassau Street, New York.
Associated with Roger A. Pryor, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend thoroughly and promptly to all business committed to his management.
to Aug. 24.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
24 EXCHANGE PLACE,
New York.
to Sept. 28.

HATCH, ESTES, & CO.,
General Commission Merchants, No. 132 Front Street, Corner of Pine, New York.
CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton and Naval Stores solicited.
Usual advances made and all orders promptly executed.
O. C. HATCH, New York. L. G. ESTES, Wilmington, N. C. M. F. HATCH, New York
to Sept. 7.

J. T. MURRAY & CO.
Commission Merchants, No. 188 Front Street, New York.
J. T. MURRAY, N. Y. E. MURRAY, N. C.
to Jan. 2.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS. The Grafton Mineral Paint Co., are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof.) Floor Oil Cloths, [one Manufacturer having used 5000 lbs. the past year,] and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address
DANIEL BIDWELL,
to May 9 254 Pearl Street, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. T. MORRIS,
Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all descriptions; Raymond's Metallic Cases, and wooden coffins of all kinds always on hand.—No. 127, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Branch House at Raleigh, N. C.
to April 17

GOLD PREMIUM PIANO FORTES.
Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore, Md., Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Pianos.
Office Nos. 1, 3, 5 and 7 Liberty Street.
Warerooms No. 250 W. Baltimore Street.
Factory corner Eutaw and West Streets.
to nov 27.

FOUNDED 1852. CHARTERED 1854

The Practical Business College for Young Men, Corner of Baltimore and Charles Streets, Baltimore, Md., the most extensive and the leading Business College of Baltimore.

Now is the time for Young Men to Prepare themselves for Business. Daily Lectures. All interested are respectfully invited to call at the College and examine our Superior Facilities.

For terms of Tuition and full particulars, write for our large Illustrated College Journal, which will be sent by return mail, free of charge, with samples of money, Commercial and Business Papers, and beautiful specimens of Spencerian Penmanship.

Address, E. K. LOSIER, Principal.
to May 1 Baltimore, Md.

T. J. JOHNSON, JR., OF N. C., with
NASCIMENTO & SCOTT
Manufacturers of Fine Felt Hats, and wholesale dealers in Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, &c., No. 450 Broadway, New York, between Howard and Grand streets. Factory, 8 Barnett street, Newark, N. J. Feb25-3m

TOBACCO! CIGARS!! PIPES!!!

WAREHOUSE OF

HAMBURGER BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF CIGARS.

Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of
CHEWING TOBACCO, SMOKING TOBACCO,
LORILLARD'S, MACABOY,
AND
SCOTCH SNUFFS
AT NEW YORK PRICES.

Importers of all kinds of
PIPES AND SMOKERS' ARTICLES.

Merchants will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing.

We keep the LARGEST STOCK in our line South.

We offer to sell all Goods at the very lowest prices.

Satisfaction guaranteed, or no sale.

Our facilities in buying our Goods enable us to compete with any house in the United States.

For further information, call at

HAMBURGER BROTHERS,

UNDER MECHANIC'S HALL,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
January 30 tf.

1852 AT THE OLD STAND. 1852
ESTABLISHED IN 1852.

WE have now on hand, and are constantly manufacturing some of the best Buggies, with and without tops; Rockaways, two and four seats; Wagons, spring and plantation, that were ever exhibited in North Carolina, and respectfully solicit a call from all who may design purchasing anything in our line, before they have made a selection.

We are constantly manufacturing of superior material, also, Harness, of every description required in this section of country, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices, and guaranteed to be as represented by the undersigned, at the old Established Shops, on Nash Street.

Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance from our old friends, and request a trial from those who have not proved us.

Prices reduced to suit the times. Orders solicited. Very respectfully,
PARKER, MURRAY & CO.
Wilson, N. C., June 19th, 1867, tf.

The North Carolinian.

Raleigh, Wednesday, March 18, 1868.

Beautiful Verses

The lillies nod in the song of the stream
That winds along with lulling flow,
And either awake, or half adream,
I pass through the realms of long ago;
While faces peer with many a smile
From the bowers of memory's magic isle.

There are loved ones lost; there are little graves
In the distant dell, 'neath protecting trees,
Where the streamlet winds, and the violet waves,
And the grasses sway to the sighing breeze;
And we mourn for the pressure of tender lips,
And the light of eyes darkened in death's eclipse.

There are ashen memories, bitter pain,
And buried hopes and a broken vow,
And an aching heart by the reckless main,
And the sea breeze fanning a pallid brow;
And a wanderer on the shell-lined shore,
Listening for voices that speak no more.

"Prime Young Slaves!

"*Imported in the ship Liberty (of Boston), Capt. Pierce, Ninety Prime Young Slaves,*

From the Windward Coast of Africa, the sale of which will commence on Monday, the 18th inst.

Conditions—One-half payment down, and the other half payable 1st January, with such security as may be required.

ROBERT WATTS.

Savannah, April 5th, 1796."

We stumbled on this advertisement, while looking over an old file of the Columbian Museum, published at Savannah in the year above named. Of course Captain Pierce and his employers in that country of the elect, Massachusetts, have long since gone to their final account, but it is almost certain that their descendants will be found to-day in the party of "great moral ideas," who hated slavery as "the sum of all villainy," and who have long since "washed the stain of the accursed traffic, in the bodies and souls of men," from their fingers—in a Pickwickian sense, of course. The washing of Puritan hands, where the operation would imperil the most infinitesimal portion of filthy lucre, is apt to be done with "invisible soap in imperceptible water."—*Mobile (Ala.) Evening News.*

"Mack" thus sketches Logan:

I never see the General in a set speech that I am not reminded of certain six-penny prints of the battles of the late war—in which a purple cannon is represented as belching forth three or four inches of red paint, which will do either for blood or fire, according to the purchaser's fancy. As that picture is to true art, so is Logan's speech to true oratory. If there is any fustian or bombast wanted on the trial, the General will furnish it—but law or reason not a word. He is neither a reasoning man nor a lawing man. He would come best into play if it should so happen that A. J. could be convicted by the sheer force of great expectorations. Except upon the fine carpet of the Senate Chamber, I can't see how John can make his mark in an impeachment trial.

The following personal description of the present Tycoon is from the Yeddo correspondence of a San Francisco paper:

The Tycoon is a small man, of olive complexion, with regular features, more Caucasian than Mongol, and a large, intelligent eye. His expression was that of a man who has many affairs of importance upon his mind, but his smile was free, cordial and pleasant as a woman's. His dress was long, wide-sleeved robe of violet crape, upon which was embroidered in some darker color the trefoil of his family; about his neck and under his robe, but showing above it, was folded a white crape scarf. His wide trousers were of silk and gold thread woven together, and were worn only to his ankles, so that below one could see the white stockings with which alone his feet were covered. He wore no sword, but carried in his hand a painted fan. His head was bare.

As trefoil is French for shamrock, the Caucasian features may indicate Irish descent. Who knows?

The London Times, in an article upon the post-office, gives some information worthy of reproducing for the benefit of those who send papers to Europe:

Newspapers that fail to be delivered, in consequence of the wrappers coming off, or returned from the fact of not being stamped, or insufficiently stamped, etc., find their way to this office in large quantities. It is just possible that the department was until very lately chargeable with the miscarriage of many of these, inasmuch as the postage stamps were so thinly covered with gum that they fell off; 1,200,000 got loose in the postoffice in 1865. In the next year this was remedied by a thicker coating of the adhering material, and the number of loose stamps fell to seven hundred and sixty thousand. Possibly if people would not lick stamps, but wet them, there would be still fewer failures of both letters and newspapers from this cause. The detained newspapers amount to five sacks a week. They are all torn up, and sold for waste paper.

An essayist, who evidently knows something of human nature, insists upon the duty of feeding the poor before attempting to make them better. It is difficult for a famished man to believe that he has a Father in heaven until he feels that he has brothers on earth.

Sir Samuel Baker declares the possibility of making gardens out of the African desert and civilizing the continent. This is to be accomplished by artificially extending the area annually overflowed by the Nile. Thus, instead of speculating on the sources of the Nile, science now occupies itself in practically extending its resources.

Western papers report a remarkable phenomenon at Scottville, Illinois. In digging in several localities near that place, a depth of five or six feet, fire breaks out, and continues blazing. The citizens are puzzled and uncomfortable about it.

When a young creature is 15 she wants to be considered 20; when 20 her figure is 18; when 25 she fancies 19; when 40 she inclines to be ranked about 27. In this matter she desires to be in advance or rearwards; never at the real point.

An ugly young lady is always anxious to marry, and young gentlemen are seldom anxious to marry her. This is a result of two mechanical powers—the inclined plain, and leave her.

Speaker Colfax took $200 for speaking a speech in New Jersey for the benefit of a "widow's home."

Rossini (the composer) was eighty-four years of age on Saturday, February 29. It was his *twenty-first* birthday.

A chap, who was told to "remember Lot's wife," replied that he had been in trouble enough already about other men's wives.

Major W. H. Rhea has withdrawn from the Memphis Avalanche and removed to St. Louis.

"Few men like your minister," was the equivocal reply of a stranger when asked if he enjoyed the service.

NORFOLK.

C. SCHWARZKOPF,

Importer and Dealer in German, French, English and Domestic Fancy Goods, No. 55 Main Street, Norfolk, Va. Combs, Brushes, Fans, Jewelry, Perfumery and Toys. Zephyr Worsted, Trimmings, Gimps, Fringes, Buttons, Hosiery, &c., &c.

Piano Fortes, of the best manufactories, always on hand.

to Aug 24.

NEW WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

We have just received, direct from the manufacturers, a large and varied stock of Boots, Shoes, Leather, Trunks, &c., which we offer to the trade on reasonable terms.

☞ Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. WHITEHEAD, TURNER & CO.,
No. 14 Iron Front,
West Side Market Square.

Norfolk, Va.—mar 7, 1ud&w.

NOTICE! NOTICE! NOTICE!

The Wholesale Boot and Shoe Business of W. H. TURNER & CO, will hereafter be conducted under the firm and style of

BOTTIMORE, MARROW & CO.
W. H. TURNER & CO.

In making the above statement, we take this occasion to inform our customers and the trade generally that, since our removal to our

LARGE and COMMODIOUS WAREHOUSE,
ATLANTIC BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

we have greatly increased facilities and are fully prepared to conduct the WHOLESALE

BOOT, SHOE AND LEATHER BUSINESS,

on a much larger scale than heretofore.

We shall always keep on hand a large and selected stock of all kinds of desirable and seasonable goods in our line, which we guarantee to furnish at the

LOWEST NORTHERN WHOLESALE PRICES.

BOTTIMORE, MARROW & CO.,
Atlantic Block, Main street.

Norfolk, Va., March 8th, 1868. d-1m.

DAVIS & BROTHER,

Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Liquors, and Agents for Carolina Belle Scotch Snuff, and various grades of Virginia Manufactured Tobacco.

Keep constantly on hand a full stock of Sugar and Coffee, Flour, Lard, Bacon, Candles, Family and Fancy Soaps, Cheese, Butter, Fish, Pork, Salt, Candy, Buckets, Brooms, Shot, Powder, and many other articles, to complete the assortment usually found in a Jobbing Grocery House.

Any consignment will have especial attention.

No. 24 Roanoke Dock, Norfolk, Va.
to April 17.

D. W. Hill, No. 5, Campbell's Wharf, Norfolk, Va., Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, Lamps, Lanterns, Lamp Chimneys, &c.

Bath Tubs and Toilet Sets manufactured to order.

Guttering and Roofing done cheaper than any house in the City. to Oct 5

PROSPECTUSES.

THE MORNING STAR.

THE MORNING STAR, A DAILY NEWSPAPER,
THE MORNING STAR, A DAILY NEWSPAPER,
THE MORNING STAR, A DAILY NEWSPAPER,
PUBLISHED AT WILMINGTON, N. C.
PUBLISHED AT WILMINGTON, N. C.
PUBLISHED AT WILMINGTON, N. C.
$2 50 FOR SIX MONTHS.
$2 50 FOR SIX MONTHS.
$2 50 FOR SIX MONTHS.
TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.
TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.
TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.
LOCAL NEWS.
LOCAL NEWS.
LOCAL NEWS.
MARKET REPORTS.
MARKET REPORTS.
MARKET REPORTS.
GENERAL NEWS.
GENERAL NEWS.
GENERAL NEWS.

Address,
W. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

mar 16–tf.

A WHITE MAN'S PAPER!

THE PLAINDEALER,

Published weekly at Wilson, N. C.
C. S. McDANIEL, Editor.

One year,.....$2 00.
Six months,.....1 00.
Three months,..... 50.

PLATFORM:—*Freedom of Conscience—Free Trade—Free Press—Freedom of White Men.* "Sink or swim, live or die, survive or perish," these are our principles; and in their maintainance we ask the aid of true WHITE men every where.

THE PLAINDEALER is a live independent Southern paper, and, as such, it will always, under any and all circumstances whatever, seek to promote the prosperity of North Carolina from a Southern stand-point.

THE INDICATOR,

A Weekly twenty eight column paper, devoted to Literature, Morality, Politics, Agriculture and General News, is published at Warrenton, N. C.

REV. T. B. KINGSBURY.....Editor.
W. F. WILLIAMS.....Proprietor.

1. It contains excellent literary selections from the best European and American sources.
2. It furnishes good matter from leading agricultural journals.
3. It gives the latest market reports, including Liverpool, New York, Baltimore, Petersburg and Norfolk.
4. It contains a good deal of interesting news matter, embracing political, personal and scientific.
5. It pays special attention to the publication of important current State items.
6. In politics, it is thoroughly independent, and is devoted to the best interests of the South. It is a white man's paper.

Price $3 a year; $1.50 for six months.
Feb22 tf

THE ROANOKE NEWS,

Published at
WELDON, N. C.

JORDAN STONE, Editor.
STONE & UZZELL, Proprietors.

A Semi-Weekly Conservative paper, devoted to News, Miscellany, and general reading matter—a fine advertising medium, being at the junction of all the Railroads, going East, North, West and South, and having a back country rich in products.

The proprietors, believing in the great principle that "*this is a white man's government, and should be ruled by white men,*" shall devote their every energy to the one aim of bringing this country back to prosperity and former rule, and shall strive to revert this State from the hands of those who now possess it, or would possess it.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One year,	$4 00
Six months,	2 00
Three months,	1 00

Advertising rates will be as liberal as possible, and we bespeak the patronage of the advertising public. STONE & UZZLE,
Feb. 27, 1868 d26tf Proprietors.

NORFOLK.

J. M. FREEMAN,

Watchmaker and Jeweler, No. 29 Main Street, Corner of Talbot, Norfolk, Va. Constantly on hand a full assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c.

to Aug 18.

C. SCHWARZKOPF,

Importer and Dealer in French China, Crockery and Glass-Ware, No. 55 Main Street, Norfolk, Virginia.

to Aug 24.

WALTER'S NATIONAL HOTEL,

NORFOLK, VA.
J. M. WALTERS, Proprietor.

To August 28.

J. G. WOMBLE & CO.,

Importers of and Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Axes, Edge Tools, Cross and Circular Saws, Gum Belting, Gum and Hemp Packing, Anvils, Bellows, Vises, &c., No. 2 Commercial Row, near Ferry, Norfolk, Va.

to Aug 21.

JOHN B. NEAL & CO.,

Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Hayward, Raleigh; Gen. Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Col. John W. Cunningham, Person county; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; Geo. H. Brown & Co., Washington.

JNO. B. NEAL, OF N. C. JNO. WHITE, OF N. C.
Jan 30—tf.

ESTABLISHED 1851.

Kader Biggs & Co., Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

Special and entire attention to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of Produce, and prompt returns made. Our long experience in business gives us superior advantage in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions. Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

KADER BIGGS,
JOS. J. BIGGS.

ATLANTIC IRON WORKS AND DOCK COMPANY.

OFFICE:—Corner East Wide Water and Hutchin's Lane.

Works in the City:—East Wide Water and Main Street.

Works and Dock:—Adjoining the city, on the Elizabeth river, near Fort Norfolk.

Have on hand and manufacture to order, at short notice, Marine Engines and Boilers, Stationary and Portable Engines, Saw, Grist and other Mills, Dredging Machines, Pile Driving Machines, Hoisting Engines, &c., and Tanks of every variety. Iron Hulls of Steamers, barges and boats built to order.

Especial attention paid to repairs of Steamers. Where the vessels are brought to the wharves of the Company, no charge will be made for wharvage while the vessels are undergoing repairs.

Agricultural Castings for Store Fronts, Lintals, Columns and Miscellaneous Castings of every description made at short notice.

No charge for patterns when the Company have them on hand.

Forgings of heavy and light work executed in the most reliable manner at low rates, by the pound or day's work. Blast driven by steam.

Highest cash price paid for old metal.

H. ASHTON RAMSAY,
to April 17 Treasurer and Superintendent.

F. W. SEABURY'S SONS,

19 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

Established 1837. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Gaiters, Trunks, Valises and Bags.

Prices moderate.

☞ Goods Direct from Manufacturers.

to Aug 24.

J. D. REED, (AGENT.)

Practical Hatter, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Umbrellas, Canes, &c., No. 18 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

to Ap 1 19.

IMPORTANT TO COTTON PLANTERS!

Get the best. The UNIVERSAL COTTON GIN AND CONDENSER,—Horace L. Emery's Patent. Manufactured exclusively by

HORACE L. EMERY & SON,
Albany Agricultural Works, Albany, N. Y.

☞ Send for a Circular.

WARREN & WOODHOUSE, AGENTS,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,
No. 8 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA.

Proprietors and Manufacturers of Warren's celebrated

COMBINED COTTON, CORN, TOBACCO and VEGETABLE PLOW,
IRON TURNER PLOW AND SCRAPER,
PATENTED JUNE 18TH, 1867.

This is the greatest labor saving implement, for its cost, yet offered to the planter.

Agents for Bickford & Huffman's world renowned WHEAT DRILL, with GUANO AND GRASS SEED ATTACHMENT, and for F. F. SMITH'S Patent Cast CAST STEEL PLOW.

For circulars or information, address
WARREN & WOODHOUSE,
to Aug. 24 Norfolk, Va.

LATEST NEWS TO THE FARMERS OF North Carolina.

Your attention is called to my large stock of Agricultural Implements, Iron Steel, &c., &c.

Corn and Cotton Planters, Corn Shellers, Hay, Shuck and Corn Stalk Cutters, Fan Mills, Plows, of every kind, Harrows and Cultivators, Spades, Shovels Forks, Brier Hooks, Iron Axles, Springs, Cart & Wagon Boxes, &c.

I call particular attention to BILLUP'S CENTREBOARD COTTON SCRAPER, and to BILLUP'S DIXIE PLOW. The first is warranted to be the best Scraper ever yet invented, and the Farmers are requested to test its merits in connection with any other kind. The Dixie Plow is freer from choking than any other yet made; will pass through the ground with less power, and do better work than any other kind. This is no vain boast. 'Tis easy to claim superiority; hence I ask a trial.

If Farmers are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.

C. BILLUPS.

Agricultural Implements, Seed, Iron and Steel Warehouse No. 11 W. Water Street, Norfolk.

Jan. 30-tf.

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 35 Commerce Street, Norfolk, Va.

A supply of Pure Peruvian Guano and other Fertilizers, Rope, Bagging, Groceries and Liquors, kept constantly on hand.

W. H. CHEEK.
W. E. CAPEHART.
C. CAPEHART.

to May 24.

DRUG WAREHOUSE.

M. A. & C. A. Santos, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass Ware, &c., Norfolk, Va.

Wholesale agents for Lorillard's Snuffs.

to Aug 24

NORFOLK.

NOAH WALKER & CO.,

Clothiers, have removed to their new store in the Atlantic Block, Main street, Norfolk, Va.

to April 17.

W. R. HUDGINS,

Importer and Dealer in English, German and American Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Nails, Spikes, Bellows, Anvils, Vises, House Furnishing and Builders' Hardware.

Agent for the sale of Circular, Cross-Cut and Pit Saws, Machine Belting and Packing.

Also for the best Edge Tool Factory in the country.

No. 11 MARKET SQUARE, Norfolk, Va.
to Aug. 21

TO THE MERCHANTS OF NORTH CAROLINA. We have completed our Stock of China, Glass and Queensware for the Fall Trade, and are now ready to offer inducements to the Merchants of North Carolina to buy their supplies in Norfolk. We are prepared to sell as low as similar goods can be bought in any market North of us, thereby saving the cost of freight, and avoiding the risk of breakage by frequent handling. We invite the trade to call and see us. MARTIN & ROGERS,
Importers and Dealers in China, Glass and Queensware, No. 37 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.
tf

FURNITURE,

CARPETINGS, PAPER-HANGINGS,
CHAIRS, BEDDING,
OIL CLOTH, MATTINGS, RUGS,
WINDOW SHADES, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,

S. A. STEVENS,

JOHNSON'S HALL,

MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

We call special attention to our Fine Stock of

PAPER-HANGINGS,

CORNICES AND CURTAIN GOODS.

Our stock of the above goods is one of the most

COMPLETE AND EXTENSIVE

South of New York. It embraces all grades and the most

RECENT STYLES.

Our prices are as low as can be purchased North, and we most respectfully solicit a call. We hold out extra inducements to Country Merchants, and we can fill orders on the most accommodating terms.

OUR CARPET AND OIL CLOTH DEPARTMENT

is on the lower floor—our store being 30 feet wide and 175 feet deep, and our stock comprises all grades of goods in this line, from the very cheapest Domestic to the very finest Brussels or Velvet Carpeting. We can offer especial inducements to Merchants—we will sell Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., as low as any house in the country. We have our goods manufactured especially for us with particular regard to the style and quality best suited to our trade.

Our stock of

FLOOR AND TABLE OIL CLOTH

is the finest in this State. We have constantly on hand all widths, from 18 inches wide to 24 feet wide.

OUR FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS

are on the second floor. Our main room is the Hall, which is the handsomest and largest exhibition room in the South. It is 150 feet long by 60 feet wide. There we display the greatest variety of Household Furniture to be found South of Philadelphia, and we guarantee to compete in price, style and quality of work with any house in the country.

We call especial notice to our

PAPER-HANGING AND WINDOW SHADE DEPARTMENT.

We are constantly in receipt of all the west designs of both Foreign and Domestic Papers.

BORDERS AND FIRE SCREENS, SHADES,

constantly on hand and made to order.

Our facilities for business are unsurpassed by any house, either North or South, and we invite the attention of housekeepers and the trade to our establishment, as we feel confident they will not fail to satisfy themselves that the above goods can be purchased on as favorable terms as at the North. Very Respectfully,
S. A. STEVENS,
Johnson's Hall, Main St., Norfolk, Va.
to July 24.

BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods and Notions, 16 West Main Street, next to Exchange National Bank, Norfolk, Va.

L. BERKLEY.
W. M. MILLAR.
J. W. GRANDY.
to May 24. Formerly of N. C.

NORFOLK STEAM REFINED CANDY Manufactory. Established 1837.

C. Jordan & Son, Wholesale Confectioners.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Pickles, Segars, &c., and proprietors of Jordan's Vegetable Cough Candy.

Store, 77 E. Main st., Factory, 58 S. Church street, Norfolk, Va. to Oct 5

ESTABLISHED 1847.

C. F. Greenwood & Bro., Watchmakers and Jewellers. Dealers in Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Diamonds, Pearl and other Rich Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Spectacles, Clocks and Fancy Goods,

No 27 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

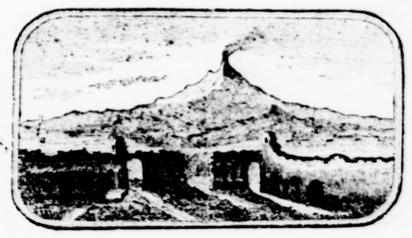
N. B.—Watches and Jewelry repaired by the most skillful workmen, and warranted.

C. F. GREENWOOD,
to Aug 25 FRED. GREENWOOD.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY!

INCORPORATED IN MAY, 1819.

ASSETS, on *January 1st*, 1868, $8,000,000.



ANNUAL INCOME FOR THE YEAR PAST, $5,000,000.

NEW POLICIES ISSUED IN 1867 WAS 16,000.

THIS OLD AND WELL-TRIED INSTITUTION IS COMMENDED TO THE CONFIDENCE OF the American people by the fact that during its entire history all of its contracts and payment of losses has been promptly and honorably paid to the amount of $17,485,891 71, and notwithstanding this large amount paid, the Company has now more than One Million of Dollars above liabilities, and are paying back to her members 50 per cent. dividends. And what has been done in the past can our secure confidence for the future. No Company whatever does more or better for its members than the Ætna. Those contemplating this mode of providing for their loved ones will find it to their interest to call at the Office, over the store of Messrs. Tucker & Co.

WM. H. CROW, General Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

Dr. W. H. McKEE, Examining Physician.
February 15, 1868. 15-tf.

RALEIGH.

ASSETS, $17,000,000 00.

With an income over

$6,500,000 00

Surplus assets, deducting liabilities, over

$6,000,000 00.

The CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut, was organized in 1846, and now has over

55,000 POLICIES,

in force, being a larger number than any other Company in the world.

Its Net Assets are larger than any other Company

Dividends have averaged over 50 per cent, and a credit of one half the premium is given, which, in case of death is cancelled by anticipated dividends.

The interest received, during the past ten years, has more than paid its losses.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE BY THEIR TERMS,

and no extra charge made, except only where the risk is extra hazardous;

No Notes are required after the fourth year. Dividends paying half the premium thereafter,

No Deduction of Notes—No Assessment.

Assurance can be effected in all the forms desired.

SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT,
General Agent N. C.,
Raleigh.

Jan. 30-tf.

P. F. PESCUD,

DRUGGIST AND INSURANCE AGENT,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Keeps constantly for sale a complete stock of such articles as are usually found in a First Class Drug Store. Also, Garden and Field Seed, the quality and prices of which secure general satisfaction to the most particular and the closest buyers.

He represents

TEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES,

the combined capital and assets of which amounts to $6,000,00, and

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

whose assets exceed $17,000,000, at 9 per cent. interest.

The interest has exceeded losses for the past 13 years, and there has been a return of fifty per cent. premium money to Policy Holders for 18 years past. This is more than any other company in the United States can say.

Please call and see me at

MY OLD STAND,

where I may be found, ready and willing to oblige the public.

P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, Feb. 1-3m.

HO FOR WATSON'S GALLERY.

Photographs, Ambrotypes, Ferreotypes, Gems, &c., &c., all executed with neatness and dispatch; also old Daguerreotypes copied and colored to Nature. J. W. WATSON,
Feb 17-tf Fayetteville st., Raleigh, N.C.

BRANSON & JONES,

Successors to Branson, Farrar & Co., continue the Book Business at the same stand, near Tucker's Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of Books and Stationery, at reduced prices.

☞ Consignments of second-hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Raleigh, N. C.
L. BRANSON, Agent J. A. JONES.
N. C. Business Directory. jan30-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HUGH MACNAIR,

With Phillips and Maitland, General Commission Merchants, 26 Bowly's Wharf, Baltimore, Maryland.

B. F. PHILLIPS. BURGUINE MAITLAND

Refer to Ex Gov. H. T. Clark, Tarboro', N. C. J. J. B. Pender, Esq., Tarboro', N. C.; Dr. Thos D. Hogg, Raleigh, N. C..... to may 29.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

The Sixth Session of this School will commence January 16th, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

TUITION.

Classics,	$25 00
Elementary Branches,	20 00
Board, (including everything except lights and towels,)	80 00

TERMS: One half in advance, the remainder at the close of the Session.

No deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness.

Pupils are requested to be present at the commencement of the Session.

Location healthy; neighborhood pleasant.

☞ Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested. Address,
JOHN GRAHAM, Principal,
Or, Rev. C. M. COOK,
to July 1. Warrenton, N. C.

BOARDING HOUSE IN FRANKLINTON.

The Schools, both Male and Female, will soon commence, and I am prepared to furnish every convenience and accommonation for 10 or 12 boarders, usually found in a first class boarding house. Terms—$12½ per month—half in advance. For further particulars, address

MRS. ANN COGGIN,
tf Franklinton, N. C.

PETERSBURG.

COCKADE MARBLE AND GRANITE Works, Sycamore Street, (opposite Geo. Pence,) Petersburg, Va.

The undersigned would return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has received from the people of North Carolina, and would respectfully inform them that he has constantly on hand a varied assortment of Grave Stones, of finest material and workmanship, at low prices.

Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

Also deals in Iron and Wire Railings.

☞ A deduction of 10 per cent. on grave stones for Confederate soldiers.

to May 1 CHAS. M. WATSON.

B. D. EVANS, (successor to Evans & Goslwin) Manufacturer of Tin Ware, Cooking and Heating Stoves, of the most approved patterns. I have just returned from the foundaries, where I selected my Stoves in person, and from a long experience in the business, flatter myself that I can give satisfaction. In a few days I shall have a new Stove, and the best ever offered in this market.

The Great Doty Washing Machine is still the wonder and admiration of all. Send your orders early.

Persons indebted to the late firm must settle, as much longer indulgence cannot be given.

jan 30 tf D. D. EVANS.

TODD, PUGH & CO.,

General Grocers & Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

Cotton Planters furnished with Bagging and Rope on liberal terms, payable out of the cotton crop.

We are agents for the celebrated Arrow Tie and Painted Iron Band, for baling cotton.

Twenty tons on hand, ready for delivery.

We are also agents for Woolston's Ammoniated Bone Phosphate of Lime.

Bagging and Rope of the best quality always on hand. tf

UPHOLSTERY GOODS. The subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the public to his large and well assorted stock of House Furnishing Goods, such as Carpets, Rugs and Mats, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Curtain Goods, Lace Curtains, Gimps and Tassels, Window Cornices, and Curtain Bands. Hair and Shuck Mattresses always on hand and made to order. Rooms papered at the shortest notice.

Our prices are as low as can be purchased at the North, and we most respectfully solicit a call.

J. M. WHITEHURST.
63 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.,
to Oct 16 Opposite the Court House.

HENRY T. ALLEY,

Confectioner, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fruits, Fancy Goods, Cigars, Toys, &c., 153 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

Weddings and Parties furnished in the most approved style. to sept 14.

C. C. VINCENT,

Coppersmith, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufacturer, Plumming, Roofing, &c. Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and House Furnishing Goods, No. 20, Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

to Sept 14

CHAS. E. ELLINGTON,

Upholsterer and Paper-Hanger, Manufacturer and Dealer in Paper-Hangings, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Curtain Goods, Cornices, Shades, Mattresses, Tassels, Loops, Gimps, Bands, Pins, &c., No. 21½ Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

to sept 14.

OSBORNE, PATTERSON & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, 163 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

R. C. OSBORNE.
J. R. PATTERSON,
to Sept 14 L. E. STAINBACK.

WHOLESALE DRUG TRADE.

JORDAN & CARR, (successors to Geo. B. Jones,) Corner Sycamore and Washington streets, Petersburg, Va., have the pleasure to announce to the merchants of Virginia and North Carolina the reception of one of the largest and most complete stocks of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-stuffs, Window Glass, Garden, Yard and Field Seeds, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, &c., to be found in the Southern States. Their entire stock was purchased from first hands for Cash, and they feel confident they can offer superior inducements to the trade.

Merchants, Physicians and others are cordially invited to call and examine their goods and prices.

WALTER B. JORDAN,
to May 1 JOSEPH CARR.

J. D. GALE,

Importer and Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Guns and Pistols, Wagon Material, Iron, &c.

No. 17 EAST SIDE MARKET SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VA.

Having purchased of Messrs. E. J. GRIFFITH & CO., their entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., and adding thereto by recent purchases from first hands, I beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally, that I am now prepared to fill their order on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city, and solicit a share of their patronage.

☞ GIVE ME A CALL.

J. D. GALE,
No. 17 East Side Market Square,
Sign of the Pad-Lock, Norfolk, Va.

The undersigned have this day sold to Mr. Jas. D. Gale, their stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., at No. 17 East Side Market Square. In retiring from the retail trade, they return hearty thanks to their friends for the substantial evidences of their good will, and ask for their successor the same kind consideration and regard.

E. J. GRIFFITH & CO.

to Aug. 24.